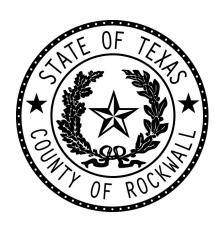
Rockwall County, Texas

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022



Lisa Constant Wylie
County Auditor

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

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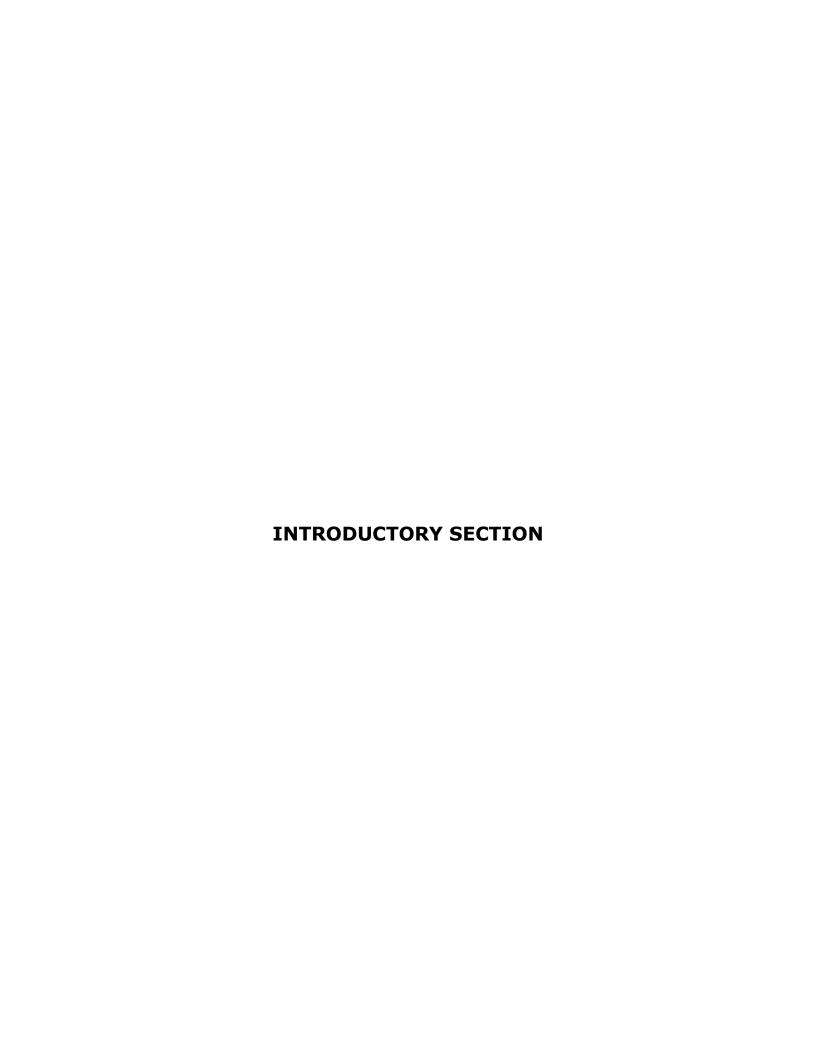
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March 29, 2023

The Honorable District Judges Brett Hall, 382nd Judicial District David Rakow, 439th Judicial District

The Honorable Commissioners Court, Rockwall County, Texas Frank New, County Judge Cliff Sevier, County Commissioner, Precinct 1 Dana Macalik, County Commissioner, Precinct 2 Dennis Bailey, County Commissioner, Precinct 3 John Stacy, County Commissioner, Precinct 4

The Citizens of Rockwall County

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Local Government Code of the State of Texas requires that Rockwall County publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Per that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the Rockwall County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Rockwall County. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. As financial management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P., a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited Rockwall County financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30th are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial presentation. Pattillo, Brown & Hill has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on Rockwall County's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2022. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

llll E. Yellowjacket Lane, Ste 202 • Rockwall, Texas 75087 • 972-204-6050 • Fax 9 lconstantwylie@rockwallcountytexas.co

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

Rockwall County was organized in 1873 and is located approximately 25 miles east of the City of Dallas, on the eastern shore of Lake Ray Hubbard. The County's population growth rate is 2.59% per year. The County's population growth rate since 2010 is 48.92%. The County has a land area of approximately 149 square miles. The City of Rockwall is the County Seat.

Rockwall County operates as specified under the Constitution of the State of Texas and its statutes which provide for a Commissioners Court consisting of the County Judge and four Commissioners, one for each of four geographical commissioners precincts. The County Judge is elected for a term of four years and the Commissioners for four year staggered terms. Other major County elected officers include the County Clerk and the County Treasurer. The County Auditor is appointed for a term of two years by and serves at the will of the District Judges whose courts are located in Rockwall County.

Rockwall County provides essential elements that make our communities livable: county roads and bridges, public improvements, juvenile probation and education, law enforcement and corrections, a court system to protect our legal rights, secure storage of our important public records and protection against threats to public health, to include providing health care to the indigent.

The County Judge serves as budget officer for the Commissioners Court of the county. The County Judge is responsible for preparing an annual budget for all funds. The County Judge assisted by the County Auditor shall prepare a budget to cover all proposed expenditures of the county government for the succeeding fiscal year. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County of Rockwall's financial planning and control. All County funds, including special revenue funds, are annually appropriated and have their budgets adopted. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety) and department (e.g., County Sheriff). The budget must show as definitively as possible the purpose of each expenditure and the amount of money to be spent. Rockwall County's budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The totals for Personnel Services, Operating Costs, Other Services and Charges, Travel & Training, Capital Outlay and Debt Service are considered budget line items and over-expenditures of these line items will not occur.

In preparing the budget, the County Judge and County Auditor estimate the revenue to be derived from taxes that will be levied and collected in the succeeding fiscal year and shall include that revenue in the estimate of funds available to cover the proposed budget.

When the County Judge has completed the preparation of the budget, the Judge files a copy of the proposed draft budget with the County Clerk. The copy is available for inspection by any person. The proposed draft budget shall also be available on the county's internet website.

The Commissioners Court will hold a public hearing to allow any taxpayer of the County to attend and participate in the hearing. The Commissioners Court may make any changes in the proposed budget that it considers warranted by law and required in the best interest of the taxpayers. The Commissioners Court may levy taxes only in accordance with the budget. After final approval of the budget, the County Auditor shall file the budget with the County Clerk. Expenditures of county funds will be made only in strict compliance with the budget, unless an emergency is authorized. The Commissioners Court may authorize an emergency expenditure as an amendment to the original budget only in a case of grave public necessity to meet an unusual and unforeseen condition that could not have been included in the original budget through the use of reasonably diligent thought and attention. If the Court amends the original budget to meet an emergency, the Court files a copy of its order amending the budget with the County Clerk. The clerk attaches the copy to the original budget.

The Commissioners Court, by order, may transfer an amount budgeted for one item to another budgeted item or department. However, the legal level of control is the department level within a fund, meaning that the level at which charges to appropriations may not legally exceed appropriations.

State law requires counties to adopt a budget before they adopt a tax rate. Chapter 26 of the Property Tax Code requires taxing units to comply with truth in taxation laws in setting the tax rates. This law has two purposes: to make the taxpayers more knowledgeable about tax rate proposals and, in certain cases, to allow taxpayers to roll back or limit a tax increase.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Rockwall County operates.

Local Economy. Rockwall County includes the cities of Rockwall, Heath, Fate, McLendon-Chisholm, and portions of the cities of Royse City, Rowlett and Wylie.

Rockwall County's growth has been fueled by its location on I-30 and close proximity to Dallas, Texas, a major urban metroplex. S&P Global Ratings overviewed that the combination of a growing tax base and prudent budget management, the County has grown its reserves to very strong levels therefore S&P Global Ratings raised its rating to AA+ from AA based on continued economic expansion and consistent and sustained strong reserves.

Long-Term Financial Planning

Rockwall County continues to address mobility improvements necessary to adapt to the County's growth. The Commissioners Court has been an integral part of a countywide consortium of all the cities within the county and the County itself to complete a prioritized list of road projects. In 2004 (\$17,250,000) and in 2008 (\$100,000,000) bond programs were overwhelmingly approved by our voters. In November 2021 the voters again approved another \$150,000,000 for additional road improvements in the County.

Rockwall County addressed safety for our citizens and our law enforcement officers and has implemented a P25 Radio Interoperability Network. The network provides near to 100% coverage of the entire county and links all police agencies on the same network. Each participating city will utilize the network and fund their ongoing maintenance costs.

Rockwall County has faced an overwhelming increase in inmate population in the past several fiscal years. The current facility was not able to meet the County's ongoing needs. In July 2020 the Rockwall County Jail expansion and renovation project began, in February 2023 the County acknowledged Final Completion of the new Rockwall County Jail facility.

Relevant Financial Policies

The Rockwall County Commissioners Court ensures financial stability within the county government by adopting conservative and responsible policies that allow the County to meet the necessary needs of the county but to also continue to increase capacity and grow fund balance.

The County's Debt Management Policy was adopted to ensure that all debt financing required to provide the capital that is needed for equipment and infrastructure improvements will be undertaken only after careful consideration of the following:

- the need is a priority,
- the impact of the funding requirements on the debt capacity,
- the requirement for major infrastructure needs have been communicated to the taxpaying public,
- the forecast amortization of the debt does not disrupt the relationship between the maintenance & operation and debt service portions of the overall tax rate,
- the obligations have been timed for issuance and delivery so that proceeds are spent in an efficient manner and,
- the factors are taken into consideration as to arbitrage and,
- an existence of a climate favorable to the issuance of long term and/or short term debt is present.

The County's Financial Reserve Policy was adopted as a policy to maintain an appropriate yet conservative level of fund balance. The County's governing body has set this policy to achieve and maintain a reserve balance providing for four to six months of its annual budgeted expenditures. The use of available funds in the reserve shall be determined by deliberative action of the Commissioners Court based upon consideration of the current and economic environment at the time the expenditure is established, the impact of the projected operating and capital expenditures on the cash needs of the County, the acknowledgement of the difference between operating and capital needs, the methods of alternative financing and lastly to manage the tax rate so as to avoid undue financial hardship on the County's taxpayers.

The County's Tax Abatement Policy was established due to the rapid growth of the County which placed current and future operating and capital demands on the County's resources. Since the County is committed to the promotion of high quality development in all parts of the County and the County is committed to the ongoing improvement of the quality of life for its citizens, the governing body is careful to consider the pros and cons of each application for tax abatement. The maximum term for any tax abatement agreement granted by the County shall be ten years and any agreement granted shall be subject to review and evaluation over its duration to ensure that the proposed benefits are achieved.

The County's Investment Policy directs that funds of the County will be invested in accordance with federal and state laws. The County will follow investment strategies appropriate to each type of fund. Safety of principal is the primary objective of any investment transaction. The County's investment portfolio must be structured in conformance with an asset/liability management plan that provides for the liquidity necessary to pay obligations as they become due. The County will also diversify its portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific class of investments. The investment officer shall always select investments that provide for stability of income and reasonable liquidity. It will also be an objective of the County to earn the maximum rate of return allowed on its investments within the policy and that the portfolio maturity will be structured to meet the obligations of the County first and then to achieve the highest return of interest.

<u>Awards and Acknowledgements</u>

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Rockwall County for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This was the eighth consecutive year that Rockwall County has received this prestigious award.

I would like to extend my gratitude to our outside audit firm, Pattillo, Brown & Hill for their efficient and dedicated service to Rockwall County. In addition, I would like to express my appreciation to the Commissioners Court for providing the resources necessary to maintain the integrity of the County's financial affairs. And lastly, to all the elected officials and our County employees for their cooperation and efforts toward another successful year of service to our citizens.

Respectfully submitted,

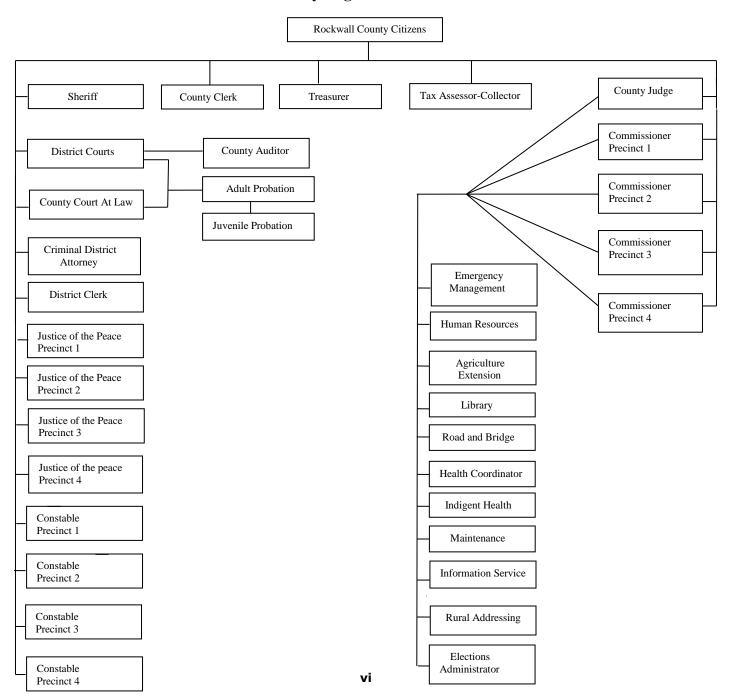
Lin Courtet Wylie

Lisa Constant Wylie County Auditor

Rockwall County, Texas



Rockwall County Organizational Chart – 2022



PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

;	SEPTEMBER 30, 2022
Name	Title
Commissioners' Court:	
David Sweet	County Judge
Cliff Sevier	Commissioner, Precinct 1
Lee Gilbert	Commissioner, Precinct 2
Dennis Bailey	Commissioner, Precinct 3
Janet Nichol	Commissioner, Precinct 4
Board of District Judges:	
Brett Hall	382 nd District Court
David Rakow	439 th District Court
County Judges:	
Brian Williams	County Court at Law #1
Stephani Woodward	County Court at Law #2
Jack James	Justice of the Peace, Precinct 1
Cathy Penn	Justice of the Peace, Precinct 2
Mark Russo	Justice of the Peace, Precinct 3
Lianna Whitten	Justice of the Peace, Precinct 4
Law Enforcement:	
Terry Garrett	Sheriff
Kenda Culpepper	District Attorney
Robert Boedeker	Director, Juvenile Probation
Steven Thomas	Director, Adult Probation
John Benedetto	Constable, Precinct 1
Trey Chaney	Constable, Precinct 2
Dan Otto	Constable, Precinct 3
Randy Parks	Constable, Precinct 4
Administrative Officials:	
Lisa Constant Wylie	County Auditor
Kim Sweet	Tax Assessor-Collector
Brian Crenshaw	Information Systems
David Peek	Treasurer
Kami Webb	Director, Human Resources
Ron Merritt	Health Coordinator
Dayna Foreman	Director, Indigent Health
Pat Nesmith	Road & Bridge Administrator
Barry Compton	Maintenance Administrator

Recording Officials:

Jennifer Fogg County Clerk
Lea Carlson District Clerk



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Rockwall County Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court Rockwall County, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rockwall County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Rockwall County, Texas' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rockwall County, Texas, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Rockwall County, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Change of Accounting Principle

As discussed in the notes to the financial statements, in the year ending September 30, 2022, Rockwall County, Texas adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Rockwall County, Texas' management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Rockwall County, Texas' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Rockwall County, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Rockwall County, Texas' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information – General Fund, and pension and OPEB information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Rockwall County, Texas' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR). The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2023 on our consideration of Rockwall County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Rockwall County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Waco, Texas March 29, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the County of Rockwall, Texas' (the "County") Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents a discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended September 30, 2022. Readers should consider the information in this section when reading the overall report, including the transmittal letter, financial statements and accompanying notes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

As illustrated in Figure A-1, the government-wide financial statements provide information about the County as a whole using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Rockwall County, Texas exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$40,128,737 (net position).
- The County's total net position increased by \$11,061,729.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Rockwall County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$64,337,332, a decrease of \$6,927,744, in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$25,217,804 is available for spending at the County's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$25,328,140, or 65% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Rockwall County.

Figure A-1
Required Components of

Rockwall County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Management's Basic Discussion Financial and Analysis Statements Government-Fund Notes to the Wide Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements **Detail** Summary

Δ

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the *government-wide financial statements*. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements are *fund financial statements*. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. After the notes, *supplemental information* is provided to show details about the County's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the general statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The Statement of Net Position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows (inflows) of resources and liabilities. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Rockwall County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, judicial, and community services.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Rockwall County, like all other governmental entities in Texas, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or noncompliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the general statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Rockwall County, Texas adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the general statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Commissioners' Court about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary schedule provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison schedule uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document.

Proprietary Funds – Rockwall County, Texas maintain one type of proprietary fund. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Rockwall County's various functions. Rockwall County, Texas uses internal service funds to account for the management of its self-insured health insurance plan. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Trust and Custodial Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support Rockwall County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees, progress in funding its post-retirement health care benefit plan and budget to actual schedule for the General Fund.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENTAL-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition; Figure A-2 provides a one-year comparison. The total assets and deferred outflows of Rockwall County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$40,128,737 as of September 30, 2022. The County's net position increased by \$11,061,729 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. However, a large portion, (15.3%) reflects the County's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Rockwall County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens: consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Rockwall County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Figure A-2
ROCKWALL COUNTY'S NET POSITION

Governmental Activities				
		2022		2021
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$	122,750,869 109,678,622 232,429,491	\$	108,001,322 100,984,087 208,985,409
Deferred outflow of resources Total deferred outflow of resources	_	6,945,504 6,945,504	_	8,938,961 8,938,961
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities	_	155,121,262 24,594,757 179,716,019	_	171,135,364 14,824,881 185,960,245
Deferred inflow of resources Total deferred inflow of resources	_	19,530,239 19,530,239	_	2,897,117 2,897,117
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	<u>(</u>	6,122,488 34,208,799 202,550)	<u>(</u>	2,612,678 30,501,445 4,047,115)
Total net position	\$	40,128,737	\$	29,067,008

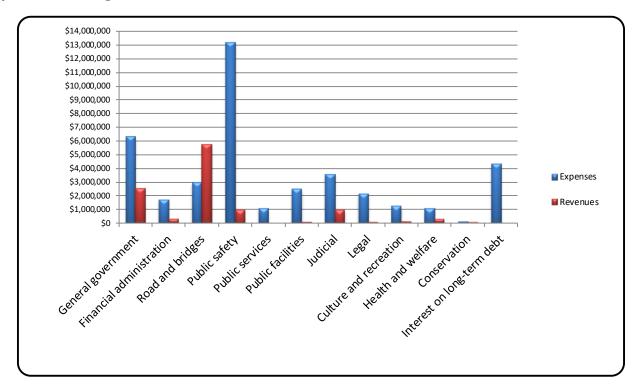
Analysis of the County's Operations – Figure A-3 provides a summary of the County's operations for the year ended September 30, 2022, and comparative data from 2021.

Figure A-3
ROCKWALL COUNTY'S NET POSITION

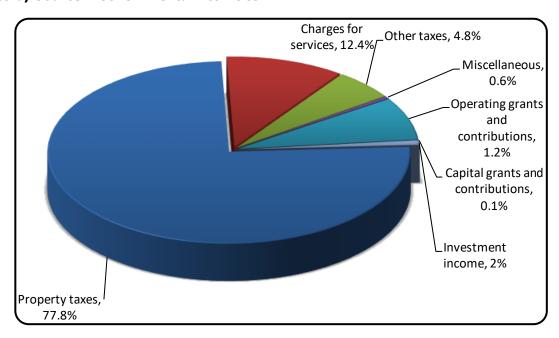
		Governmen	ital Ac	tivities
		2022		2021
REVENUES				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	6,432,189	\$	6,792,628
Operating grants and contributions		4,852,456		2,135,580
Capital grants and contributions		11,249		8,275
General revenues:				
Property taxes		45,629,627		42,697,008
Mixed drink taxes		575,996		528,111
Sales tax		2,726,590		2,031,406
Investment earnings	(478,067)		181,557
Gain on sale of assets		45,756		77,245
Miscellaneous	_	244,700		457,755
Total revenues	_	60,040,496		54,909,565
EXPENSES				
General government		7,057,491		6,961,521
Financial administration		2,313,509		2,506,609
Roads and bridges		3,168,202		3,346,207
Public safety		17,404,062		17,196,757
Public services		1,248,458		1,062,039
Public facilities		2,579,371		880,944
Judicial		4,821,773		5,232,709
Legal		3,224,402		3,582,701
Culture and recreation		1,540,667		1,588,365
Health and welfare		1,194,585		1,065,040
Conservation		125,586		123,067
Interest on long-term debt		4,300,661	_	5,289,098
Total expenditures		48,978,767	_	48,835,057
INCREASE IN NET POSITION		11,061,729		6,074,508
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		29,067,008	_	22,992,500
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	40,128,737	\$	29,067,008

Governmental-type Activities – Governmental-type activities increased the County's net position by \$11,061,729. The increase in net position of \$11,061,729 was mostly caused by the increased collection of property taxes, and an increase in operating grants.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Rockwall County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds – The focus of the Rockwall County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Rockwall County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$25,328,140. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 65% of total General Fund expenditures.

The County maintains individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the following major funds:

- General Fund
- Road Improvements Bond 2008 Fund
- Debt Service Fund
- Jail Expansion Capital Projects Fund
- American Rescue Plan

Each of these funds is considered to be a major fund. Financial results from the other government funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation and included in the total. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

A budgetary comparison statement is provided for County governmental funds, where a budget is adopted, to demonstrate compliance with the approved budget. Budgetary comparison statements for major governmental funds are presented as required supplementary information in the basic financial statements.

Although the General Fund has increases in property and sales taxes of \$3,627,803 over FY 2021, the total fund balance increased by \$238,806. This was mainly due to an increase of tax collections and intergovernmental revenue. Property taxes increased due to increases in appraised values and new construction. Sales taxes increased because of a continued strong economy and commercial growth.

The Road Improvements Bond 2008 Fund had an increase of fund balance of \$3,028,649. This was due to an increase in intergovernmental revenue from Royse City ISD.

The Debt Service Fund had a decrease of fund balance of \$237,690 due to scheduled debt payments during the year.

This Jail Expansion Fund, a capital projects fund, has been classified as a major fund. The County issued \$50 million in bonds in FY 20 to fund the expansion of the Rockwall County jail. The County continued its work during the fiscal year.

The American Rescue Plan Fund, is the accumulation of all federal funding related to Covid-19 related expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights – During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: (1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; (2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and (3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Revenues were less than the budgeted amount in the area of intergovernmental. However, expenditures were generally in line with or less than budgeted amounts.

Proprietary Funds – Currently, the County has only one type of proprietary fund – an Internal Service fund. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The services provided benefit the various government functions they support, which is why they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses Internal Service funds to account for the following activities:

- Insurance Claims
- Employee Benefits Paid

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but with more detail. Internal Service Funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the Internal Service Fund is provided in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

Fiduciary Funds – The County's fiduciary fund consists of several trust funds and custodial funds. The custodial funds are separate accounts and transactions related to money received that is collected for and remitted to another entity. For example, the County collects traffic fines; a portion of the fines belong to the state. After collection, the monies owed to the other entities are remitted to those entities on a periodic basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes to the financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes disclose other pertinent information that, when taken in whole with the financial statements, provide a more detailed picture of the state of the finances of the County.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements accompanying notes to those financial statements, also presented in this report are certain required supplementary information schedules with additional information regarding the results of the County's financial activities.

The combining statements and individual fund schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Rockwall County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2022, totals \$109,678,622 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following events:

- Continued progress on the integrated judicial system software and jail expansion.
- Purchased several new vehicles and pieces of equipment mainly including sheriff vehicles, and jail expansion.
- Early phases of County jail expansion and remodel.

ROCKWALL COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END

		Governmental Activities			
		2022		2021	
Land and improvements	\$	6,246,813	\$	6,246,813	
Machinery and equipment		23,567,350		22,914,639	
Buildings		60,654,170		60,473,268	
Infrastructure		5,232,656		5,232,656	
Construction in progress		47,269,040		36,651,597	
Right to use - equipment		118,268		-	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(33,409,67 <u>5</u>)	(30,534,886)	
Total	\$	109,678,622	\$	100,984,087	

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note C in the notes to the financial statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Long-term Debt – As of September 30, 2022, Rockwall County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$132,010,000.

ROCKWALL COUNTY'S OUTSTANDING BONDS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	 Beginning Balance	 Additions	F	Reductions	Ending Balance
Tax Notes Refunding Bond	\$ 23,315,000 114,635,000	\$ -	\$	1,370,000 4,570,000	\$ 21,945,000 110,065,000
	\$ 137,950,000	\$ -	\$	5,940,000	\$ 132,010,000

Rockwall County's bonded debt decreased by \$5,940,000, or 4.31%, during the current fiscal year.

Additional information or the County's long-term debt can the found in Note E in the notes to the financial statements.

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Governmental Activities – In preparation for the fiscal year 2023 budget, the County lowered the ad valorem tax rate from \$0.3131 to \$0.2925 per \$100 assessed value. The M&O rate went from \$0.2370 to \$0.2276, and the debt service rate went from \$0.0761 to \$0.0649. Total budgeted revenues for FY2023 in the General Fund are \$47,547,059. This included a budgeted use of existing fund balance of \$550,000. Total budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2023 are \$47,547,059.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Treasurer, or County Auditor, in Rockwall County, Texas.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	87,727,936
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		23,030,278
Prepaid items		699,361
Net pension asset		11,293,294
Capital assets:		
Non-depreciable		53,515,853
Depreciable (net)		56,162,769
Total assets		232,429,491
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred loss on refunding		377,238
Deferred outflows related to pensions		4,733,763
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		1,834,503
Total deferred outflows of resources		6,945,504
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		2,467,004
Claims payable		203,286
Accrued liabilities		857,109
Unearned revenue		20,148,589
Interest payable		918,769
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year:		
Tax notes		2,336,942
Refunding bonds		4,865,000
Compensated absences		175,253
Leases		40,935
Due in more than one year:		
Tax notes		35,362,163
Refunding bonds		105,200,000
Leases		39,578
Compensated absences		701,010
Net OPEB liability		6,400,381
Total liabilities		179,716,019
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		201 217
Deferred gain on refunding		201,247
Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB		11,657,050 7,671,942
Total deferred inflows of resources		19,530,239
NET POSITION		19,550,255
Net investment in capital assets		6,122,488
Restricted for:		0,122,100
Capital acquisition and construction		1,309,781
Debt service		959,296
Records preservation and management		3,306,428
Court security and technology		259,883
Legal		532,315
Public safety		1,530,695
Judicial		164,801
Culture and recreation		83,497
Roads and bridges		26,005,307
Elections assistance and administration		56,796
Unrestricted	(202,550)
Total net position	\$	40,128,737

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				Program	Rev	enue	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		(Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	
Primary government Governmental activities: General government Financial administration Roads and bridges Public safety Public services Public facilities Judicial Legal Culture and recreation Health and welfare Conservation Interest on long-term debt		7,057,491 2,313,509 3,168,202 17,404,062 1,248,458 2,579,371 4,821,773 3,224,402 1,540,667 1,194,585 125,586 4,300,661	\$	2,206,192 295,559 1,691,235 919,253 - 25,774 909,916 50 114,047 227,463 42,700	\$	333,144 -4,000,000 52,792 229,921 58,696 70,734 76,399 - 30,770 -	
Total governmental activities Total primary government		48,978,767 48,978,767	\$ <u></u>	6,432,189 6,432,189	\$_	4,852,456 4,852,456	
	Taxe Pro Bev Sal Inve Misce Gain	perty verage	ngs (I	•			
		Change in ne		ition			
	•	sition - begir sition - endir					

Program	Revenue	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position						
Capital	Grants		Governmental Activities					
\$\$	- - - - - - 11,249 - - - - 11,249	\$(((((((4,518,155) 2,017,950) 2,523,033 16,432,017) 1,018,537) 2,494,901) 3,841,123) 3,147,953) 1,415,371) 936,352) 82,886) 4,300,661) 37,682,873)					
		(45,629,627 575,996 2,726,590 478,067) 244,700 45,756 48,744,602 11,061,729 29,067,008					

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		General	Road Improvements Bond 2008			Debt Service
ASSETS						
Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	\$	27,092,056	\$	25,066,219	\$	1,779,236
Taxes		458,178		-		114,357
Accounts		3,075,838		18,712,800		-
Due from other funds		409,115 492,788		-		-
Prepaid items	_		_		_	
Total assets	_	31,527,975	_	43,779,019	_	1,893,593
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,						
AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:		1 604 220		225.065		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		1,694,328 826,049		235,065		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Total liabilities		2,520,377		235,065		
Deferred inflows of resources:			_			_
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		280,483		_		90,028
Unavailable revenue - court fines		2,902,204		_		-
Unavailable revenue - grant receivable		3,983		18,712,800		_
Unavailable revenue - lien assessments		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,186,670	_	18,712,800	_	90,028
Fund balances:			_			
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids		492,788		-		-
Restricted:						
Capital acquisition and construction		-		-		- 1 002 F6F
Debt service Records preservation and management		-		-		1,803,565 -
Court security and technology		_		_		_
Legal		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-
Judicial		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-
Roads and bridges Elections assistance and administration		-		24,831,154		-
Unassigned		25,328,140		-		-
Total fund balances	_	25,820,928	_	24,831,154		1,803,565
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	_	,	_	,,	_	,,
of resources, and fund balances	\$_	31,527,975	\$_	43,779,019	\$_	1,893,593

	Jail Expansion	America Rescue Plan		Other Governmental Funds	 Total
\$	3,783,495	\$ 20,256	,389 \$	8,435,359	\$ 86,412,754
_	- - - - - 3,783,495	20,25	- - - - - 5,389	113,961 555,144 - 118,979 9,223,443	 686,496 22,343,782 409,115 611,767 110,463,914
_	328,802 - - - - - 328,802	20,148 20,256	<u>-</u>	94,380 31,060 - 409,115 534,555	 2,460,375 857,109 20,148,589 409,115 23,875,188
_ _	- - - - -		- - - - -	- - - 261,896 261,896	 370,511 2,902,204 18,716,783 261,896 22,251,394
	- 3,454,693 - - - - - - - 3,454,693		- - - - - - - - -	118,979 1,309,781 - 3,306,428 259,883 532,315 1,530,695 164,801 83,497 1,174,153 56,796 (110,336) 8,426,992	 611,767 4,764,474 1,803,565 3,306,428 259,883 532,315 1,530,695 164,801 83,497 26,005,307 56,796 25,217,804 64,337,332
\$_	3,783,495	\$ 20,256	<u>,389</u> \$	9,223,443	\$ 110,463,914

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet		\$	64,337,332
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			109,678,622
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.			22,251,394
Long-term liabilities, (such as notes payable, compensated absences, net pension liability and OPEB payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the funds. Balances at year-end are:			
Deferred outflows of pension Deferred outflows of OPEB Deferred inflows of pension Deferred inflows of OPEB Net pension asset Net OPEB obligation Tax notes Refunding bond Leases Compensated absences Deferred loss on refunding Deferred gain on refunding Interest payable	4,733,763 1,834,503 11,657,050) 7,671,942) 11,293,294 6,400,381) 37,699,105) 110,065,000) 80,513) 876,263) 377,238 201,247) 918,769)		157,331,472)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the		(137,331,472)
Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		_	1,192,861
Net Position of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position		\$	40,128,737

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			Road Improvements		Debt
		General	Bond 2008		Service
REVENUES					00.7.00
Property taxes	\$	34,550,462	\$ -	\$	11,095,282
Beverage taxes	•	575,996	· _	•	, , -
Fines and forfeitures		743,053	-		-
Sales taxes		1,890,895	-		-
Fees and commissions		2,574,547	-		-
Intergovernmental		413,046	4,000,000		-
Election		-	-		-
Investment earnings (loss)	(718,650)	159,132		14,578
Donations		-	-		-
Miscellaneous	_	202,731			
Total revenues	_	40,232,080	4,159,132		11,109,860
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		4,217,422	-		-
Financial administration		2,428,249	-		-
Commissioner expenses		531,040	-		-
Roads and bridges		-	1,130,483		-
Public safety		16,713,565	-		-
Public facilities		1,013,764	-		-
Public services		2,082,193	-		-
Judicial		5,010,855	-		-
Legal		3,397,156	-		-
Culture and recreation		1,169,007			-
Health and welfare		1,220,965	-		-
Conservation		126,872	-		-
Capital outlay		1,098,976	-		-
Debt service:		27 755			5,940,000
Principal		37,755	-		
Interest and fiscal charges			1 120 102		5,407,550
Total expenditures	_	39,047,819	1,130,483	_	11,347,550
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	1,184,261	3,028,649	(_	237,690)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		25,030	-		
Transfers out	(1,034,404)	-		-
Sale of capital assets		63,919	-		-
Leases issued	_			_	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources and uses	<u>(</u>	945,455)		_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		238,806	3,028,649	(237,690)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	25,582,122	21,802,505	_	2,041,255
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	25,820,928	\$ <u>24,831,154</u>	\$	1,803,565

	Jail Expansion	American Rescue Plan	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental
\$	_	\$ -	\$	14,606	\$	45,660,350
Τ.	_	_	Τ	,	Τ	575,996
	_	_		349,360		1,092,413
	_	_		835,695		2,726,590
	_	_		2,826,247		5,400,794
	_	229,921		115,401		4,758,368
	_	-		4,138		4,138
	46,025	_		20,324	(478,591)
	-	_		11,249	`	11,249
	_	_		21,426		224,157
	46,025	229,921	_	4,198,446		59,975,464
_	+0,023		-	7,130,440	_	33,373,404
	-	-		686,302		4,903,724
	-	-		-		2,428,249
	-	-		-		531,040
	-	-		1,788,721		2,919,204
	-	-		771,650		17,485,215
	-	229,662		-		1,243,426
	-	-		435,237		2,517,430
	-	-		68,548		5,079,403
	-	-		34,077		3,431,233
	-	-		135,806		1,304,813
	-	-		-		1,220,965
	-	-		-		126,872
	10,617,443	-		81,754		11,798,173
	-	-				E 077 7EE
	-	-		-		5,977,755
_	10 617 442	220,662	-	4 002 005		5,407,550
_	10,617,443	229,662	-	4,002,095	_	66,375,052
<u>(</u>	10,571,418)	259	_	196,351	<u>(</u>	6,399,588)
	_	_		451,889		476,919
	_	_	((1,076,919)
	_	_	(+Z,J1J) -	(63,919
	_	_		7,925		7,925
			_	417,299	(528,156)
	10,571,418)	259	_	613,650	<u>. </u>	6,927,744)
(14,026,111	(259)		7,813,342	(71,265,076
ф —			<u> </u>		ф —	_
\$	3,454,693	\$ <u> </u>	\$_	8,426,992	\$	64,337,332

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$(6,927,744)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the		
current period.		8,584,192
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		18,752
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		7,057,100
Certain pension expenditures are not expended in the government-wide financial statements and recorded as deferred resource outflows or inflow. This item relates to contributions made after the measurement date. Additionally, a portion of the County's unrecognized deferred resource outflows related to the pension liability were amortized.		2,037,360
Certain OPEB expenditures related to employee compensation and benefits are reported in the statement of activities but do not require the use of financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(93,617)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of health insurance to individual funds.	_	385,686
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	11,061,729

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities Internal Service
ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses	\$ 1,315,182 87,594
Total assets	1,402,776
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Claims payable	6,629 203,286
Total liabilities	209,915
NET POSITION Unrestricted	1,192,861
Total net position	\$ <u>1,192,861</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRETARY FUNDS

	Governmental Activities Internal Service
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ <u>5,263,291</u>
Total operating revenues	5,263,291
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Insurance claims	4,054,446
Stop-loss insurance premiums	795,108
Administrative and other	628,575
Total operating expenses	5,478,129
OPERATING LOSS	(214,838)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	524
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	524
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(214,314)
Transfers in	600,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	385,686
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	807,175
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ <u>1,192,861</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
	Internal Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from users Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers Net cash used by operating activities	\$ 5,263,291 (632,030) (4,875,433) (244,172)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers	600,000
Net cash provided by investing activities	600,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>524</u> 524
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	356,352
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	958,830
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	1,315,182
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating loss Change in assets and liabilities:	(214,838)
Decrease (increase) in prepaids Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in claims payable	(87,594) (1,328) 63,043
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Total adjustments	(3,455) (29,334)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ <u>(244,172</u>)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	He	ndigent alth Care te-Purpose Trust	_	investment Trust Funds		Custodial Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	38,946	\$	7,737,336	¢	3,657,564
Accounts Receivable	₽	30,940	₽	7,737,330	Ą	3,037,30 4 -
Due from other governments		43		_		_
Total assets		39,289	_	7,737,336	_	3,657,564
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		171		-		-
Accrued expenses		5,061		-		-
Due to other governments				-	_	1,104,458
Total liabilities		5,232	_		_	1,104,458
NET POSITION						
Held in trust		34,057		7,737,336		-
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments					_	2,553,106
Total net position	\$	34,057	\$	7,737,336	\$	2,553,106

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

	He	Indigent ealth Care ate-Purpose Trust	_	nvestment rust Funds		Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS Taxes and fes collected on behalf of other governments County contributions Contributions from other governments Bonds received Interest earnings Total additions		200,000 - - - - 200,000	\$	8,475,748 1,973 8,477,721	\$ 	39,276 - 83,549,460 2,088,074 - 85,676,810
DEDUCTIONS Disbursements on behalf of contracting entities Bonds returned Administrative expenses		- - 218,848	_	- 4,623,363 -	_	83,692,765 1,708,373 -
Total deductions CHANGES IN NET POSITION NET POSITION, BEGINNING	(218,848 18,848) 52,905	_	4,623,363 3,854,358 3,882,978	_	275,672 2,277,434
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	34,057	\$ <u></u>	7,737,336	\$ <u></u>	2,553,106

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Rockwall County (the "County") was founded in 1873 and operates under the laws of the State of Texas and subsequent court orders providing the following services: public safety (law enforcement and detention facilities, contracts for fire and ambulance service), public welfare (social services, public health), highways and streets, judicial administration and records, library, public improvements, and general administrative services.

The accompanying financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. Currently the County does not have any entities that meet the criteria of blended or discretely presented component units.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements; however interfund services that are provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functional activities. Program revenue includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. The primary revenue sources susceptible to accrual are property taxes, which are recognized as deferred revenue until cash is received, and grant income, which is accrued when the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are met. Expenditures are recorded when incurred. However, expenditures for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded when due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **<u>Road Improvements Bond 2008 Fund</u>** accounts for the planning, engineering and construction of roads within Rockwall County. Bonds will be issued to finance this project.

The <u>**Debt Service Fund**</u> accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The <u>Jail Expansion Fund</u> accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made to design, equip and construct a new jail expansion and remodel project for the County Jail facility.

The <u>American Rescue Plan</u> accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made to expend federal funding designated for Covid related expenditures.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> account for the revenue sources that are designated to finance particular functions or activities or are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> account for the County's acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> account for the County's self-insurance program and employees benefit fund.

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u> accounts for resources legally held in trust by a notfor-profit organization devoted to providing indigent health care. All resources of the fund may be used for the organization's activities.

<u>Investment Trust Fund</u> accounts for resources legally held in trust by the County Clerk and District Clerk.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> are used to account for monies held for other and then it is disbursed to the appropriate group of held in a custodial capacity. These resources include funds for other taxing entities within the County, and the State of Texas. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position. The Custodial funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Position. Because the assets are held in an agent capacity and are not available to support County programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund types, the County considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments for the County are reported at fair value, except for the position in investment pools. The County's investment in pools are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectable.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendor reflect costs applicable to future accounting period and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at their historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements which extend asset lives are capitalized and depreciated over the useful lives of the related assets, as applicable. Capital assets are capitalized if they have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and an expected useful life of over one year. When property or equipment is retired from service or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed and any resulting gain or loss is reported in the statement of activities.

Infrastructure capital assets, such as streets, built and/or acquired since fiscal year 1960 are included.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range as follows:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	10 - 40
Buildings	10 - 40
Improvements	5 - 40
Equipment	5 - 10
Right to use - equipment	3

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

For governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized during the current period in the fund financial statements. Bond proceeds are reported as an "other financing source." Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

A liability for unused paid time off and compensatory time for all fulltime employees is calculated and reported in the government-wide financial statements. For financial reporting, the following criteria must be met to be considered as compensated absences: a) leave or compensation is attributable to services already rendered, and b) leave or compensation is not contingent on a specific event (such as illness).

County employees earn annual leave up to a maximum of 20 days per year based on months of service. Fulltime regular employees earn 10 days of sick leave per year. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the County does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the County. Employees who have been employed for six months or more are eligible to be paid for all unused annual leave up to the maximum allowed at their regular rate of pay upon termination of employment. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements.

Leases

The County is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of equipment. The County recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The County recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with longterm debt on the statement of net position.

Property Taxes

Property subject to taxation is real property and certain personal property situated in the County. Certain properties of religious, educational and charitable organizations are exempt from taxation. In addition, other special exemptions are allowed by the Commissioners' Court of the County.

The County's ad valorem taxes are levied and become a legal enforceable claim, on October 1 on 100% of assessed valuation at a rate of \$.3131 (\$.237 for the maintenance and operations and \$.07610 for interest and sinking fund) per \$100 valuation as of the preceding January 1. These taxes are due and payable from October 1 of the year in which levied until January 31 of the following year without interest or penalty. Taxes paid after February 1 of each year are subject to interest and penalty charges.

The County's taxes on real property are a lien (as of the date of levy) against such property until paid. The County may foreclose on real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. Delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title to the property.

Any liens and subsequent suits against the taxpayer for payment of delinquent personal property taxes are barred unless instituted within four years from the time such taxes became delinquent. Unlike real property, the sale or transfer of most personal property does not require any evidence that taxes thereon are paid.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows our resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following items that qualify for this category:

- Deferred charges on refundings A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Difference in Expected and Actual Pension and OPEB Experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Changes in Actuarial Assumptions This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Pension Contributions After Measurement Date These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category.

- Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from four sources: property taxes, court fines, grant receivable, and lien assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- Difference in Expected and Actual Pension Experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Difference in Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Assets This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five-year period.

Fund Balance

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's
 intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.
 This intent can be expressed by the County Auditor. This action can occur during the
 budget process or throughout the year in the normal course of business.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Change in Accounting Principle

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, was adopted effective July 1, 2021. The statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for lease contracts. Statement No. 87 establishes standards for recognizing and measuring assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and revenues and expenses related to leases in the basic financial statements, in addition to requiring more extensive note disclosures. The adoption of this standard did not result in a restatement of beginning fund balance or net position, but assets and liabilities were recognized, and more extensive note disclosures were required.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The County Judge serves as the budget officer for the Commissioners' Court and submits the annual budget for approval where the legal level of control is the department level within a fund. The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and other funds within the County. Amendments to the budget and additional appropriations must be approved by Commissioners' Court. Following is a summary of the budget calendar:

- The proposed budget is filed with the County Clerk and made available for public inspection.
- The Commissioners' Court holds a public hearing on the proposed budget and subsequently makes changes and approves the budget including the adoption of a property tax levy which is effective on October 1 preceding the beginning of the fiscal year.
- The approved budget is filed with the County Clerk.
- During the course of the budget year, it may be necessary to amend the budget.
 The Commissioners' Court may, by order, authorize an emergency expenditure as
 an amendment to the original budget only in a case of grave public necessity to
 meet an unusual and unforeseen condition that could not have been included in the
 original budget through the use of reasonable diligent thought and attention. The
 Commissioners' Court may issue an order to amend the budget by transferring an
 amount budgeted for one line item to another budgeted line item without
 authorizing an emergency expenditure.

B. Budgetary Information

At year-end the Cities Readiness Initiative has a deficit fund balance of \$1,389. The General Fund will ultimately cover any deficits that are not made up by the funds.

III. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. <u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and</u> the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Some liabilities, (such as notes payable, lease contract payable, long-term compensated absences, and bond payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position." The details of this \$(157,321,736) difference are as follows:

Deferred outflows of pension	\$	4,733,763
Deferred outflows of OPEB		1,834,503
Deferred inflows of pension	(11,657,050)
Deferred inflows of OPEB	(7,671,942)
Net pension asset		11,293,294
Net OPEB obligation	(6,400,381)
Tax Notes	(37,699,105)
Refunding bond	(110,065,000)
Leases	(80,513)
Compensated absences	(876,263)
Deferred loss on refunding		407,099
Deferred gain on refunding	(221,372)
Interest payable	<u>(</u>	918,769)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total		
governmental funds to arrive at net position -		
governmental activities	\$ <u>(</u>	157,321,736)

B. <u>Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities</u>

The governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental fund and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$8,584,192 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$	11,640,365
Capital asset retirements	(18,163)
Capital asset adjustments	(12,554)
Depreciation expense	(3,025,456)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances -		
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net		
position of governmental activities	\$	8,584,192

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds." The details of this \$18,752 difference are as follows:

Property taxes Other Court fines	\$((30,723) 2,223) 51,698
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	18,752

Another element of that reconciliation states, "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$7,066,836 difference are as follows:

Principal repayments	\$	5,940,000
Interest payable		209,683
Bond discount/premium		906,942
Leases		29,830
Compensated absences	(19,61 <u>9</u>)
Net adjustment to increase <i>net changes in fund balances</i> -		
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net		
position of governmental activities	\$	7,066,836

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

State statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by the State of Texas or the United States; (4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (5) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (a) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or (b) secured by obligations that are described by (1) – (4); (6) fully collateralized direct repurchase agreements having a defined termination date, secured by obligations described by (1), pledged with a third party selected or approved the County, and placed through a primary government securities dealer.

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. As of September 30, 2022, the County held the following fair value measurements:

		0 (20 (2022	_		alue	e Measureme			Percent of Total	Weighted Average Maturity
	_	9/30/2022		(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)	Portfolio	(Days)
Primary government Cash and cash equivalents Cash deposits - County	\$	29,292,059	\$	_	\$	_	¢	_	29.54%	
Cash deposits - trust and custodial	Ψ_	11,433,846	Ψ_	-	Ψ_	-	Ψ_	-	11.53%	
Total cash and cash equivalents	_	40,725,905	_		=		_			
Investments measured at net asset value per share:										
Investment pools:										
Texas CLASS	\$	9,962,440	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	10.05%	82
TexPool		3,542,626		-		-		-	3.57%	25
TexPool Prime		10,603,167		-		-		-	10.69%	14
TexStar		779,729		-		-		-	0.79%	12
LOGIC		20,566,362				-		-	20.74%	14
Investments by fair value level: Debt securities:										
Federal Farm Credit Bank		1,898,975		491,307		1,407,668		-	1.92%	74
Federal Home Loan Bank		11,082,578		495,514		10,587,064		-	11.18%	320
Total investments		58,435,877	_	986,821		11,994,732	_	_		
Total cash and investments of	_	22, 30,077	-	,022	-		-			
the primary government	\$_	99,161,782	\$_	986,821	\$_	11,994,732	\$_	-		

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2022:

Federal Home Loan Bank of \$495,514 are valued using a documented trade history in exact security (Level 1 inputs).

Federal Farm Credit Bank of \$927,499 are valued using an option-adjusted discounted cash flow model (Level 2 inputs).

Federal Home Loan Bank of \$929,521 are valued using an option-adjusted discounted cash flow model (Level 2 inputs).

Federal Farm Credit Bank of \$491,307 are valued using a documented trade history in exact security (Level 1 inputs).

Federal Home Loan Bank of \$984,385 are valued using a documented trade history in exact security (Level 2 inputs).

Federal Home Loan Bank of \$927,479 are valued using an option-adjusted discounted cash flow model (Level 2 inputs).

Federal Home Loan Bank of \$904,161 are valued using an option-adjusted discounted cash flow model (Level 2 inputs).

Federal Home Loan Bank of \$984,296 are valued using a documented trade history in exact security (Level 2 inputs).

Federal Home Loan Bank of \$902,157 are valued using an option-adjusted discounted cash flow model (Level 2 inputs).

Federal Home Loan Bank of \$885,869 are valued using an option-adjusted discounted cash flow model (Level 2 inputs).

Federal Home Loan Bank of \$878,023 are valued using an option-adjusted discounted cash flow model (Level 2 inputs).

Federal Home Loan Bank of \$885,123 are valued using an option-adjusted discounted cash flow model (Level 2 inputs).

Federal Home Loan Bank of \$882,400 are valued using an option-adjusted discounted cash flow model (Level 2 inputs).

Federal Farm Credit Bank of \$480,168 are valued using a documented trade history in exact security (Level 2 inputs).

Federal Home Loan Bank of \$947,744 are valued using an option-adjusted discounted cash flow model (Level 2 inputs).

Federal Home Loan Bank of \$475,907 are valued using a documented trade history in exact security (Level 2 inputs).

Investment pools are not categorized as to investment risk since specific securities relating to the government cannot be identified. Investments in pools are valued based upon the value of pool shares. No investments are reported at amortized cost. The County currently invests in three pools, the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool), Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program (TexStar), and the Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust (Texas CLASS).

Under the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. through an agreement with the State of Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts. The State Comptroller is the sole officer, director, and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company authorized to operate TexPool.

J. P. Morgan Fleming Asset Management (USA), Inc. ("JPMFAM") and First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. ("FSAM") serve as co-administrators for TexStar under an agreement with the TexStar board of directors. JPMFAM provides investment service and FSAM provides participant services and marketing. Custodial, transfer agency, fund accounting and depository services are provided by J. P. Morgan Chase Bank and/or its subsidiary, J. P. Morgan Investor Services Co. TexStar bylaws provide for a five-member board of directors consisting of three representatives of participants and one member designated by each of the co-administrators.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy requires that the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment held in the General Fund shall not exceed 60 months nor shall the invested amount in such securities exceed 15% of the General Fund operating reserve. The maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment held in all other funds shall not exceed 24 months.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U. S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. As of September 30, 2022, the County's deposit balance was fully collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the County's name or by FDIC insurance.

Credit Risk. State law and county policy limit investments in local government investment pools to those rated no lower than AAA or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. The County's investments as of September 30, 2022, were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Rating	Rating Agency
TexPool	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
MBIA Texas Class	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
TexStar	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
LOGIC	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
FHLB	AA+	Standard & Poor's
FFCB	AA+	Standard & Poor's

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor funds including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, as follows:

		Road			
		Improvements	Debt	Nonmajor	
	General	Bond 2008	Service	Funds	Total
Receivables:					
Taxes	\$ 622,956	\$ -	\$ 166,670	\$ 113,961	\$ 903,587
Adjudicated fines	29,022,041	-	-	-	29,022,041
Accounts	173,634	-	-	313,178	486,812
Assessments	-	-	-	241,966	241,966
TxDOT funding		18,712,800			18,712,800
Gross receivables	29,818,631	18,712,800	166,670	669,105	49,367,206
Less: allowance for					
uncollectibles	<u>(26,284,615</u>)		<u>(52,313</u>)		<u>(26,336,928</u>)
Net total receivables	\$ <u>3,534,016</u>	\$ <u>18,712,800</u>	\$ <u>114,357</u>	\$ <u>669,105</u>	\$ <u>23,030,278</u>

C. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at acquisition cost, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date. Infrastructure assets are valued in two ways: either actual historical cost where the amount can be determined from existing records or using current cost deflated to the year of construction. Once the historical cost is determined, regardless of how it is determined, the asset is then depreciated over its useful life.

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

		Beginning				ecreases/	Ending		
		Balance		Increases	Ad	justments		Balance	
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land Construction in progress	\$	6,246,813 36,651,597	\$	- 10,617,443	\$	-	\$	6,246,813 47,269,040	
Total assets not being depreciated		42,898,410	_	10,617,443	_	-		53,515,853	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements Infrastructure		60,473,268 5,232,656		180,902 -		-		60,654,170 5,232,656	
Machinery and equipment Right to use - Equipment		22,914,639 110,343		834,095 7,925	(181,384) 		23,567,350 118,268	
Total capital assets being depreciated		88,730,906		1,022,922	(181,384)		89,572,444	
Less accumulated depreciation:		<u> </u>							
Buildings and improvements Infrastructure	(18,417,640) 3,576,440)	(1,597,530) 120,306)	(12,554)	(20,027,724) 3,696,746)	
Machinery and equipment Right to use - Equipment	(8,540,806) 	(1,268,490) 39,130)		163,221 -	<u>(</u>	9,646,075) 39,130)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(30,534,886)	(3,025,456)		150,667	(33,409,67 <u>5</u>)	
Total capital assets being		E0 10C 020	,	2 002 524)	,	20 717)		FC 162 760	
depreciated, net		58,196,020	<u>(</u>	2,002,534)	(30,717)	_	56,162,769	
Governmental activities	+	101 004 420	+	0.614.000	+ /	20.717\	+	100 670 633	
capital assets, net	\$ <u></u>	101,094,430	\$ <u></u>	8,614,909	\$ <u>(</u>	30,717)	\$ <u></u>	109,678,622	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 1,582,735
Roads and bridges	285,000
Public safety	731,651
Public facilities	34,111
Public services	81,083
Legal	8,694
Culture and recreation	299,238
Health and welfare	 2,944
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 3,025,456

D. <u>Interfund Receivables/Payables and Transfers</u>

The following schedule briefly summarizes the County's interfund balances activity:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental	\$ 409,115
		\$ 409,115

The following schedule briefly summarizes the County's transfer activity:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental	\$ 25,030
Nonmajor governmental	General	434,404
Internal service	General	600,000
Nonmajor governmental	Nonmajor governmental	 17,485
		\$ 1,076,919

Transfers are used to: 1) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization; and 2) move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to nonmajor governmental funds.

E. Long-term Liabilities

The County issues general obligation bonds and limited tax notes to finance major capital projects. General obligations debt, certificates of obligation and contractual obligations are generally payable from property tax revenues. All other obligations, including leases and compensated absences, are payable from revenues of the General Fund.

Tax Notes and Refunding Bonds

	Date of Issue	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Principal Balance	Due Within One Year
\$14,845,000 limited tax refunding Series 2013	06/11/13	3.00%-4.00%	10,590,000	810,000
\$7,370,000 permanent improvement refund bond Series 2015 - Private Placement	ing 12/22/15	3.00%-4.00%	3,825,000	735,000
\$14,010,000 limited tax road bonds Series 2016	03/21/16	3.00%-5.00%	11,355,000	620,000
\$7,620,000 unlimited tax refunding Series 2017	12/28/17	3.00%-4.00%	6,315,000	425,000
\$16,710,000 limited tax refunding Series 2018	11/27/18	3.50%-5.00%	14,080,000	890,000
\$17,675,000 limited tax refunding Series 2020	05/14/20	3.00%-5.00%	17,675,000	1,455,000
\$62,490,000 permanent improvement refunding bond, Series 2020	05/14/20	3.00%-5.00%	59,275,000	650,000
\$9,575,000 limited tax refunding bond Series 2020	10/26/20	3.00%-5.00%	8,895,000	710,000
			\$ <u>132,010,000</u>	\$ <u>6,295,000</u>

The \$14,845,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds – Series 2013, were issued (i) for the construction, maintenance and operation of macadamized, graveled or paved roads and turnpikes, or in aid thereof, throughout the County, including participating in the cost of joint projects with various state, city and regional council of government entities; and (ii) to pay costs of issuance associated with the sale of the bonds. Principal maturities will begin in February 2015 and occur annually beginning in February 2017. Interest payments will occur semi-annually in February and August with a range of 3.00%-4.00%. The final principal and interest payment is due February 2033.

The \$7,370,000 Permanent Improvement Refunding Bond – Series 2015 were issued for the purpose of (i) refunding the Series 2007 Permanent Improvement Limited Tax Notes and (ii) paying the costs of issuing the bonds. Principal maturities will occur annually beginning in February 2017. Interest payments will occur semi-annually in February and August at 2.010%. The final principal and interest payment is due February 2027. As a result, the refunded notes are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activates column of the statement of net position.

The \$14,010,000 Limited Tax Road Bond – Series 2016 were issued for the purpose of (i) for the construction, maintenance and operation macadamized, graveled or paved roads and turnpikes, or in aid thereof, throughout the County, including participating in the cost of joint projects with various state, city and regional council of government entities; and (ii) to pay costs of issuance associated with the sale of the bonds. Principal maturities will begin in February 2019 and interest payments beginning February 2017. Interest payments will occur semi-annually in February and August with a range of 3.00%-5.00%. The final principal and interest payment is due February 2036.

The \$7,620,000 Unlimited Tax Refunding Series 2017 were issued for the purpose of (i) refunding the refunded obligations and (ii) paying the costs of issuing the bonds. Principal maturities will occur annually beginning in February 2019. Interest payments will occur semi-annually in February and August with a range of 4.00%-4.875%. The final principal and interest payment is due February 2034.

The \$16,710,000 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2018 were issued to refund obligations and payment of the costs of issuing the bonds. The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$571,673. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. The refunding was undertaken to reduce future debt service payments. The refunding transaction resulted in a reduction of \$2,572,448 in the County's aggregate future debt service payments, and an economic gain to the County of \$2,025,980. The call date on all the refunded bonds was February 1, 2019. Therefore, all the \$17,780,000 in refunded bonds are considered defeased as of September 30, 2022.

The \$17,675,000 Unlimited Tax Road Bonds Series 2020 were issued in order to finance the construction, maintenance and operation of macadamized, graveled or paved roads and turnpikes, or in aid thereof, throughout the County.

The \$62,490,000 Permanent Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 were issued for the purpose of (i) refunding a portion of the County's outstanding debt as described in Schedule I (the "Refunded Obligations") for debt service savings; (ii) designing, expanding, constructing, improving and equipping Rockwall County law enforcement and detention center facilities; and (iii) paying costs of issuance associated with the sale of the Bonds. The net carrying amount of the old debt by \$550,131. The refunding transaction resulted in a reduction of \$1,821,487 in the County's aggregate future debt service payments, and an economic gain to the County of \$1,536,595. The call date on these bonds was July 14, 2020. Therefore, all of the \$21,055,000 in refunded bonds are considered defeased as of September 30, 2022.

The \$9,575,000 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 were issued for the purpose of (i) refunding a portion of the County's outstanding debt as described in Schedule I (the "Refunded Obligations") for debt service savings and (ii) paying certain costs of issuing the bonds. Principal maturities will occur annually beginning in February 2022. Interest payments will occur semi-annually in February and August with a range of 3.00%-5.00%. The final principal and interest payment is due February 2032. The net carrying amount of the old debt by \$46,405. The refunding transaction resulted in a reduction of \$1,346,349 in the County's aggregate future debt service payments, and an economic gain to the County of \$1,233,030. The call date on these bonds was February 1, 2021. Therefore, all of the \$11,115,000 in refunded bonds are considered defeased as of September 30, 2022.

The requirements to amortize all tax notes and refunding bonds outstanding, as of September 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending				Tax Notes		
September 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	1,430,000	\$	764,254	\$	2,194,254
2024		1,490,000		707,706		2,197,706
2025		1,545,000		648,781		2,193,781
2026		1,610,000		589,894		2,199,894
2027		1,665,000		530,031		2,195,031
2028-2032		9,240,000		1,733,678		10,973,678
2033-2037	_	4,965,000	_	294,781	_	5,259,781
Total	\$	21,945,000	\$_	5,269,125	\$_	27,214,125

Fiscal Year Ending			Ref	unding Bonds	;	
September 30,		Principal		Interest	Total	
2023	\$	4,130,000	\$	4,308,475	\$	8,438,475
2024		4,390,000		4,099,825		8,489,825
2025		4,810,000		3,874,325		8,684,325
2026		5,265,000		3,627,125		8,892,125
2027		5,775,000		3,356,000		9,131,000
2028-2032		32,420,000		12,434,250		44,854,250
2033-2037		23,615,000		6,164,725		29,779,725
2038-2042		16,795,000		3,199,475		19,994,475
2043-2047	_	9,040,000		552,000	_	9,592,000
Total	\$	106,240,000	\$	41,616,200	\$_	147,856,200
Fiscal Year						
Ending		Refunding	g Bor	nds - Private	Plac	ement
September 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	735,000	\$	69,496	\$	804,496
2024		750,000		54,572		804,572
2025		765,000		39,346		804,346
2026		780,000		23,819		803,819
2027	_	795,000	_	7,990	_	802,990
Total	\$	3,825,000	\$	195,223	\$_	4,020,223

F. Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022:

Description		Amounts Outstanding October 1, 2021		Issued		Retired	S	Amounts Outstanding September 30, 2022		Due Within One Year
Tay Nation	_	22 215 000	<u>_</u>		+	1 270 000	+	21 045 000		1 420 000
Tax Notes	\$	23,315,000	\$	-	\$	1,370,000	\$	21,945,000	\$	1,430,000
Refunding Bonds		110,085,000		-		3,845,000		106,240,000		4,130,000
Refunding Bonds - Private Placement		4,550,000		-		725,000		3,825,000		735,000
Bond Premiums/discounts		16,661,047		-		906,942		15,754,105		906,942
Leases		110,343		7,925		37,755		80,513		40,935
Compensated absences	_	856,644	_	561,041	_	541,422	_	876,263	_	175,253
	\$	155,578,034	\$	568,966	\$	7,426,119	\$	148,720,881	\$	7,418,130

For governmental activities, the compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Should the County default on the tax notes or refunding bonds, any owner of the registered owner of the obligations is entitled to seek a writ of mandamus from a court of proper jurisdiction requiring the County to make payment.

H. Leases

A summary of leases outstanding as of September 30, 2022, is as follows:

			Accumulated
Asset Class	Lease	Asset Value	Amortization
Right to Use:			
Equipment	\$	118,268	\$ 39,130
Total Leases	\$	118,268	\$ 39,130

Principal and interest requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending					Total
September 30,	Principal		Interest		Requirements
2023	\$ 40,935	\$	327	\$	41,262
2024	33,925		165		34,090
2025	4,430		55		4,485
2026	 1,223	_	9	_	1,232
Total	\$ 80,513	\$	556	\$_	81,069

G. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description.

The County participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.tcdrs.org.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.

Benefits Provided.

TCDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	177
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	275
Active employees	353
	805

Contributions. The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly manner for each participate over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 9% and 9.25% in calendar years 2021 and 2022. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$2,022,936, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability. The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

2.50% per year Inflation Real rate of return 5.00% per year

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The County has no automatic cost-of-living adjustments ("COLA") and one is not considered to be substantively automatic. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the actuarial valuation. Each year, the County/District may elect an ad-hoc COLA for its retirees.

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members 135% of Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted

Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Service retirees, beneficiaries

135% of Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Retirees Amountand non-depositing members

Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100%

of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Disabled retirees 160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted

Mortality Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

All actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2021 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 - December 31, 2020, except where required to be different by GASB 68.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.60%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2022 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for the long-term expected return is re-assessed in detail at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting. The assumption for the long-term expected return is reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice. Milliman relies on the expertise of Cliffwater in this assessment. See Milliman's TCDRS Investigation of Experience report for more details:

Geometric Real (1) Rate of Return (2)
3.80%
4.10%
3.80%
4.30%
-0.85%
1.77%
6.25%
4.50%
3.10%
3.85%
5.10%
6.80%
1.55%
-1.04%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2022 TCDRS Board meeting.

Discount Rate

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	L	Net Pension iability/ (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2020	\$	81,983,579	\$	80,743,351	\$	1,240,228
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		2,898,767		-		2,898,767
Interest on total pension liability (1)		6,330,327		-		6,330,327
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(701,060)		-	(701,060)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(99,585)		-	(99,585)
Refund of contributions	(171,013)	(171,013)		-
Benefit payments	(3,065,377)	(3,065,377)		-
Administrative expenses		-	(53,273)		53,273
Member contributions		-		1,424,019	(1,424,019)
Net investment income		-		17,737,485	(17,737,485)
Employer contributions		-		1,830,977	(1,830,977)
Other ⁽²⁾	_		_	22,763	(22,763)
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$	87,175,638	\$_	98,468,932	\$ <u>(</u>	11,293,294)

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

 $^{^{(2)}}$ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return for the asset class minus the assumed inflation of 2.6%, per Cliffwater's 2022 capital market assumptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the Rockwall County net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.6%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.6%) than the current rate:

	Current						
		1% Decrease	Di	iscount Rate	1	% Increase	
		6.6%		7.6%		8.6%	
Total pension liability	\$	100,260,136	\$	87,175,638	\$	76,400,982	
Fiduciary net position		98,468,932		98,468,932		98,468,932	
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$_	1,791,204	\$ <u>(</u>	11,293,294)	\$ <u>(</u>	22,067,950)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tcdrs.org.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the County recognized pension expense of \$(14,375). At year-end, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	694,888	\$	525,795	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		2,542,921		74,689	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		11,056,566	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,495,954	_		
Total	\$	4,733,763	\$_	11,657,050	

\$1,495,954 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended		
September 30,		
2023	\$(953,381)
2024	(2,303,528)
2025	(2,842,045)
2026	(2,320,287)

H. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan - Retiree Health Care Plan

Plan Participants

Plan Description. The County offers its retired employees health insurance benefits through a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, under County policy. This plan is administered by the County and it has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing arrangements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Eligible plan participants are retirees retiring within 8 years of service with Rockwall at the date of retirement and receiving benefits from the TCDRS are eligible for a \$300 monthly stipend that may be used to continue medical coverage. TCDRS retirement is available to employees meeting one of three criteria: (a) age 60 with 8 year of service (b) age plus year of service equal to 75 or (c) 30 years of service. Must have at least 8 years of service with Rockwall.

At the September 30, 2022 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or benficiaries currently receiving benefits	94
Active members	297
Total	391

The County's contributions to the Retiree Health plan for the year ended September 30, 2022 were \$395,524.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age
Inflation rate Salary increases Demographic assumptions	2.50% 3.50% Based on the experience study covering the four year period ending December 31, 2021 as conducted for the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS).
Mortality	RPH-2014 Total Table with Projection MP-2021
Health care cost trend rates	Level 4.5%
Participation rates	It was assumed that 100% of retirees who are eligible for the County subsidy and 50% of those who are not eligible for the County subsidy would choose to receive health care benefits through the County.
Discount rate	4.77% as of September 30, 2022.

The discount rate was selected by reviewing the recent published Bond Buyer GO-20 bond index. This is one of the indices acceptable under GASB 75. This index is published weekly and is trending down in recent months. We selected 4.77% as the discount rate for this valuation.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$6,400,381 was measured as of September 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2021.

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at 10/1/2021 Changes for the year:	\$ 14,427,445
Service Cost	909,848
Interest on the total liability	340,639
Difference between expected & actual experience	(737,509)
Change in assumptions	(8,144,518)
Benefit payments	(395,524)
Net changes	(8,027,064)
Balance at 9/30/2022	\$ <u>6,400,381</u>

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (4.77%) in measuring the total OPEB liability.

	1%	Decrease in			1	% Increase in
	Discou	nt Rate (3.77%)	Discou	nt Rate (4.77%)	Disco	unt Rate (5.77%)
	·	_		_		
Total OPEB liability	\$	7,099,082	\$	6,400,381	\$	5,802,140

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if Healthcare Cost Trend Rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than what was used in measuring the total OPEB liability.

			Current	Healthcare Cost	
	1	% Decrease	Trend	Rate Assumption	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	6,198,449	\$	6,400,381	\$ 6,957,388

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 3022, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$489,141. At September 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources to OPEB from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	125,694	\$	637,031		
Changes in actuarial assumptions	_	1,708,809	_	7,034,911		
Total	\$	1,834,503	\$	7,671,942		

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

September 30,		
2023	\$(761,347)
2024	(761,347)
2025	(761,347)
2026	(807,108)
2027	(1,124,776)
Thereafter	(1,621,514)

Net Pension Liability and Total Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation

When these liabilities are liquidated for governmental activities, the General Fund will be primarily responsible.

I. Risk Management

During the year ended September 30, 2022, employees of the County were covered by a health insurance plan (the "Plan"). The County contributed \$11,121 per year per employee. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay contributions for dependents. All contributions were paid into the County's Insurance Trust Fund. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred, but not reported (IBNRs). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement tends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. The liability for claims and judgments is reported in the Internal Service Fund. An excess coverage policy begins once Rockwall County has expended \$75,000 per participant annually. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	Years Ended			
	9/30/2022	9/30/2021		
Unpaid claims at beginning of year	\$ 140,240	\$ 257,420		
Incurred claims (including IBNRs)	4,849,554	3,992,765		
Claim payments	(4,786,508)	(4,109,945)		
Unpaid claims at end of year	\$ 203,286	\$ <u>140,240</u>		

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. The County participates in a risk management program through Texas Association of Counties for workers' compensation coverage. The County currently provides health benefits for its employees.

The County has not had any significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous three years.

J. Commitments and Contingencies

The County is the defendant in a number of lawsuits arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of management, the outcome of these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying combined financial statements and, accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded.

The County participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustments by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the County has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at September 30, 2022, may be impaired. In the opinion of the County, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

K. New Accounting Principles

Significant new accounting standard not yet implemented by the County includes the following.

Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* – The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange like transaction. GASB 94 will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022, and the impact has not yet been determined.

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements - This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 - The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences - The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

L. Subsequent Events

On January 10, 2023, Rockwall County issued \$11,610,000 of unlimited tax road bonds, series 2023 to fund various capital projects. The interest rate on the notes is 5% and the maturity date is February 1, 2043.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

<u>-</u>	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original		Final		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
	\$ 34,131,683	\$	34,131,683	\$	34,550,462	\$	418,779
Beverage taxes	375,000	7	375,000	Ψ.	575,996	Ψ	200,996
Fines and forfeitures	775,000		775,000		743,053	(31,947)
Other taxes	1,510,000		1,510,000		1,890,895	`	380,895
Fees and commissions	2,592,100		2,592,100		2,574,547	(17,553)
Intergovernmental	414,653		414,653		413,046	(1,607)
Investment earnings	250,000		250,000	(718,650)	(968,650)
Miscellaneous	80,000	_	80,000		202,731		122,731
Total revenues	40,128,436	_	40,128,436	_	40,232,080		103,644
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General government:							
County judge	144,535		144,535		137,428		7,107
County clerk	894,527		894,527		864,119		30,408
Information services	900,222		866,997		862,822		4,175
Nondepartmental	2,441,570		2,037,441		2,022,071		15,370
Human resources	104,099		104,099		100,279		3,820
Commissioners' court Judicial bond clerk	91,594		91,594 59,509		88,627		2,967 7,383
	59,509 94,144		94,144		52,126 89,950		7,363 4,194
Veteran services Total general government	4,730,200	-	4,292,846	-	4,217,422	_	75,424
g g		_		_			
Financial administration:							
Tax assessor/collector	666,389		666,389		642,473		23,916
County treasurer County auditor	444,627 678,944		444,627 678,944		439,724 641,851		4,903 37,093
Noncapital equipment	529,637		529,637		534,869	(5,232)
Human Resources	171,752		171,752		169,332	(2,420
Total financial administration	2,491,349	-	2,491,349	_	2,428,249		63,100
Commissioner expenses:							
County commissioner, precinct #1	138,019		138,019		137,136		883
County commissioner, precinct #2	134,947		134,947		131,136		3,811
County commissioner, precinct #3	139,189		139,177		132,822		6,355
County commissioner, precinct #4	134,197	_	134,197	_	129,946		4,251
Total commissioner expenses	546,352	-	546,340	_	531,040	_	15,300
Public safety:							
Sheriff's department	5,953,494		5,604,844		5,597,109		7,735
County jail	10,015,918		10,060,316		9,819,012		241,304
Other law enforcement	599,498		851,498		851,604	(106)
Constable #1	115,039		115,039		109,435		5,604
Constable #2	110,796		110,796		109,207		1,589
Constable #3	116,662		116,662		110,578		6,084
Constable #4	118,948	_	118,948	_	116,620	_	2,328
Total public safety	17,030,355	-	16,978,103	_	16,713,565		264,538

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	d Amounts	_	
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
- 1 11 6 11111				
Public facilities	t 1.04C 402	¢ 1,020,502	t 1.012.764	¢ 24.020
Maintenance and operations	\$ <u>1,046,492</u>	\$ 1,038,592 1,038,592	\$ 1,013,764	\$ 24,828
Total public facilities	1,046,492	1,038,592	1,013,764	24,828
Public services:				
Election administrator	2,523,158	2,512,953	2,063,601	449,352
VINE program	18,619	18,619	18,592	27
Total public services	2,541,777	2,531,572	2,082,193	449,379
Judicial:				
District clerk	1,030,604	1,030,604	1,014,303	16,301
District judge	1,737,205	1,563,985	1,453,247	110,738
Justice of the peace, precinct #1	261,114	261,114	253,790	7,324
Justice of the peace, precinct #2	260,788	260,788	255,091	5,697
Justice of the peace, precinct #3	260,821	260,821	256,397	4,424
Justice of the peace, precinct #4	245,222	245,222	231,469	13,753
Court at law 2	786,797	742,597	723,864	18,733
Court at law	873,291	838,711	822,694	16,017
Total judicial	5,455,842	5,203,842	5,010,855	192,987
Legal:				
District attorney	3,616,561	3,616,561	3,397,156	219,405
Total legal	3,616,561	3,616,561	3,397,156	219,405
Culture and recreation:				
County library	1,202,119	1,202,119	1,169,007	33,112
Total culture and recreation	1,202,119	1,202,119	1,169,007	33,112
Health and welfare:	216 400	216 400	240 574	E 024
County health coordinator Welfare	216,408	216,408	210,574	5,834
Ambulance	566,614 175,345	566,614 175,345	534,130 173,169	32,484 2,176
Nondepartmental	108,532	107,947	103,092	4,855
Indigent health care	400,000	345,342	200,000	145,342
Total health and welfare	1,466,899	1,411,656	1,220,965	190,691
Consomistion				
Conservation:	122 755	122 755	126 072	6 002
County agent	133,755	133,755	126,872	6,883
Total conservation	133,755	133,755	126,872	6,883
Debt Service:				
Principal	37,755	37,755	37,755	-
Total debt service	37,755	37,755	37,755	
Total current expenditures	40,299,456	39,484,490	37,948,843	1,535,647

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts			
		_		Variance with Final Budget -
				Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Noncurrent:				
Capital outlay:				
Capital equipment	\$ 495,975 \$	922,941 \$	922,060	\$ 881
Capital improvements	178,000	178,000	176,916	1,084
Total capital outlay	673,975	1,100,941	1,098,976	1,965
Total expenditures	40,973,431	40,585,431	39,047,819	1,537,612
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(844,995</u>) <u>(</u>	456,995)	1,184,261	1,641,256
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	25,000	25,000	25,030	30
Transfers out	(1,281,690) (1,669,690)	(1,034,404)	635,286
Proceeds from sale of assets Total other financing	75,000	75,000	63,919	(11,081)
sources (uses)	(1,181,690) (1,569,690)	(945,455)	624,235
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,026,685) (2,026,685)	238,806	2,265,491
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	25,582,122	25,582,122	25,582,122	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>23,555,437</u> \$	23,555,437 \$	25,820,928	\$2,265,491

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all funds except the Help America Vote Grant, Emergency Management Federal Grant, Errors and Omissions Insurance, Election Services, Sheriff Forfeiture, Library, D.A. Hot Check Fees, and Sheriff Law Enforcement, all annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Elected officials and department heads submit requests for appropriations to the budget officer, the County Judge, so that a budget may be prepared. The proposed budget is presented to the Commissioner's Court for review by the first week of August. The Commissioner's Court holds public work sessions and public hearings. A final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than September 30.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The County's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level within a fund.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following departments:

- General Fund Financial Administration Noncapital equipment by \$5,232
- General Fund Public Safety Other law enforcement by \$106

These excess expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues and/or available fund balance.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Plan Year Ended December 31 Total Pension Liability	2014	2015	2016
Service Cost Interest total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic	\$ 1,980,374 3,588,582 - -	\$ 2,030,428 3,916,257 (457,555) 555,598	\$ 2,249,131 4,177,843 146,254
(gains) or losses Refund of contributions Benefit payments/refunds	17,592 -	(1,077,942) -	(37,415) -
of contributions	(1,506,596)	(1,725,226)	(2,016,828)
Net change in total pension liability	4,079,952	3,241,560	4,518,985
Total pension liability - beginning	44,071,207	48,151,159	51,392,719
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ <u>48,151,159</u>	\$ <u>51,392,719</u>	\$ 55,911,704
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of	\$ 1,330,911 1,035,153	\$ 1,379,293 1,072,787	\$ 1,387,946 1,079,512
investment expenses Refund of contributions Benefit payments refunds of	3,132,080 -	(898,918) -	3,748,100 -
contributions Administrative expenses Other	(1,506,596) (37,619) (4,489)	(36,512)	(2,016,828) (40,741) <u>320,494</u>
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	3,949,440	(173,593)	4,478,483
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	46,791,537	50,740,977	50,567,384
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ <u>50,740,977</u>	\$ <u>50,567,384</u>	\$ <u>55,045,867</u>
Net pension liability (asset)- ending (a) - (b)	\$ <u>(2,589,818</u>)	\$ <u>825,335</u>	\$ <u>865,837</u>
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	105.38%	98.39%	98.45%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$ 14,787,903	\$ 15,325,523	\$ 15,421,600
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-17.51%	5.39%	5.61%

Notes to Schedule:

⁻ This schedule is required for 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2014 is not available.

	2017	2018		2018 2019			2020		2021
\$	2,158,628 4,608,335	\$	2,209,579 4,947,544	\$	2,226,737 5,361,027	\$	2,377,466 5,805,327	\$	2,898,767 6,330,327
	218,907		-		-		5,085,844	(- 99,585)
(448,718) -		441,748 -		457,275 -	(847,256 51,593)	(701,060) -
(2,401,374)	(2,399,258)	(2,627,798)	(2,745,057)	(3,236,390)
	4,135,778		5,199,613		5,417,241		11,319,243		5,192,059
	55,911,704	_	60,047,482	_	65,247,095		70,664,336		81,983,579
\$	60,047,482	\$	65,247,095	\$	70,664,336	\$	81,983,579	\$	87,175,638
\$	1,464,399 1,138,978	\$	1,528,918 1,189,159	\$	1,612,320 1,254,025	\$	1,833,126 1,425,767	\$	1,830,977 1,424,019
	8,038,032 -	(1,174,712) -		10,239,942 -	(7,521,451 51,593)		17,737,485 -
(2,401,374) 42,061) 2,810	(2,399,258) 50,085) 15,852	(2,627,798) 55,475) 18,308	(2,745,057) 59,081) 20,889	(3,236,390) 53,273) 22,763
	8,200,784	(890,126)		10,441,322		7,945,502		17,725,581
	55,045,867		63,246,651		62,356,525		72,797,848		80,743,351
\$	63,246,651	\$	62,356,525	\$	72,797,848	\$	80,743,351	\$	98,468,932
\$ <u>(</u>	3,199,169)	\$	2,890,570	\$ <u>(</u>	2,133,512)	\$	1,240,228	\$ <u>(</u>	11,293,294)
\$	105.33% 16,271,113	\$	95.57% 16,987,981	\$	103.02% 17,914,638	\$	98.49% 20,368,102	\$	112.95% 20,343,132
	-19.66%		17.02%		-11.91%		6.09%		-55.51%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Year Ending September 30,	D	Actuarially etermined ontribution	Actual Employer Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		_	Pensionable Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$	1,313,003	\$	1,313,003	\$	-	\$	14,622,258	9.0%
2015		1,363,504		1,363,504		-		15,150,043	9.0%
2016		1,444,459		1,444,459		-		16,049,549	9.0%
2017		1,434,729		1,434,729		-		15,941,429	9.0%
2018		1,518,239		1,518,239		-		16,869,324	9.0%
2019		1,578,590		1,578,590		-		17,539,888	9.0%
2020		1,738,775		1,738,775		-		19,319,721	9.0%
2021		1,814,481		1,814,481		-		20,160,896	9.0%
2022		2,022,936		2,022,936		-		21,357,475	9.5%

Notes to Schedule:

⁻ This schedule is required for 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2014 is not available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Valuation Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are

calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are

reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age (level percentage of pay)

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 15.4 years (based on contribution rate calculated in

12/31/2021 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career

including inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of administrative and investment

expenses, including inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eliqible for service retirement are

assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement

for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 135% of the Pub-2010 General retirees Table for

males and 120% of the Pub-2010 Healthy General retirees Table for females, both projected with 100%

of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Changes in Assumptions and Methods

Reflected in the Schedule of Employer

Contributions

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions

were reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the

Schedule

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in

the Schedule.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in

the Schedule.

2017: Employer contributions reflect that a 1% flat COLA was adopted. Also, new Annuity Purchase Rates

were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in

the Schedule.

2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in

the Schedule.

2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in

the Schedule

2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in

the Schedule.

RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Plan Year Ended September 30	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total OPEB Liability:					
Service cost Interest	\$ 476,423 356,229	\$ 495,766 378,722	\$ 495,766 331,104	\$ 909,848 321,294	\$ 909,848 340,639
Experience (Gain)/Loss Assumption Changes	-	2,569,173	205,925 732,487	-	(737,509) (8,144,518)
Benefit payments	(294,572)	, ,	(347,162)	(347,162)	(395,524)
Net change in total pension liability	538,080	3,142,291	1,418,120	883,980	(8,027,064)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	8,444,974	8,983,054	12,125,345	13,543,465	14,427,445
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 8,983,054	\$ <u>12,125,345</u>	\$ <u>13,543,465</u>	\$ <u>14,427,445</u>	\$6,400,381
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 13,397,113	\$ 13,397,113	\$ 15,611,444	\$ 15,611,444	\$ 18,960,616
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	67.05%	90.51%	86.75%	92.42%	33.76%

Notes to Schedule:

- This schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes
- No assets are accumulated in a trust for the retiree health care plan to pay related benefits that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

NOTES TO OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Valuation dateSeptember 30, 2022Measurement dateSeptember 30, 2022

Methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Method Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method - Level

Percentage of Projected Salary.

Service Cost Determined for each employee as the Actuarial Present

Value of Benefits allocated to the valuation year. The benefit attributed to the valuation year is that incremental portion of the total projected benefit earned during the year in accordance with the plan's benefit formula. This allocation is based on each participant's service between date of hire and date of

expected termination.

Total OPEB LiabilityThe Actuarial Present Value of Benefits allocated to all

periods prior to the valuation year.

Discount Rate 4.77% (2.27% real rate of return plus 2.5% inflation)

Health Care Cost Trend Level 4.5%

Mortality RPH-2014 Total Table with Projection MP-2021

Turnover Rates varying based on gender, age and select and

ultimate at 15 years. Rates based on the TCDRS actuarial assumptions form the 2017 retirement plan

valuation report.

DisabilityNone assumed

Retiree Contributions Retirees pays the remaining contribution rate above

the monthly stipend of \$300 paid by the County to the retiree. The retiree also pays the full cost of dental

coverage.

Salary Scale 3.50%

Data Assumptions 100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare

coverage will continue with the same coverage

including continuation when eligible for Medicare.

Coverage 50% of all actives who currently have healthcare

coverage will continue with employee only coverage to age 65 upon retirement and 100% will elect the

stipend.

COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Emergency Management Fund – To account for the cost of personnel and operating expenses for Emergency Management. Revenue is provided by Local Funds.

Fire Code Enforcement – To account for revenue received from building inspection fees.

Court Record Preservation- To account for monies collected as fees by the County and District Clerk for the digitization of court records and preservation of records from natural disasters. Revenue is provided by fees.

District Court Records Technology— To account for the cost for preservation and restoration services performed in connection with maintaining a district court records archive. Revenue is provided by fees.

Law Library - To account for the cost to maintain the Law Library. Revenue is provided by fees.

County/District Court Technology – To account for the cost of training and the purchase of technological enhancements for county court, statutory county court or district court. Revenue is provided by fees.

Justice Court Building Security – To account for the cost of furnishing security to the Justice Courts. Revenue is provided by fees.

D.A. State– To account for additional personnel costs for the office of the District Attorney. Revenue is provided by State Aid.

D.A. Forfeiture – To account for the operating, forfeiture and collections monies collected and disbursed by the District Attorney's Office. Revenue is provided by Court Ordered Forfeited Property.

Cities Readiness Initiative- To account for additional personnel and equipment under grant program. Revenue is provided by State aid.

Help America Vote Grant- To account for election expenses under grant program.

Sheriff Abandoned Property – To account for the cost of removing abandoned vehicles from public roadways. Revenue is provided by auction proceeds.

Emergency Management Federal Grant – To account for the cost of personnel and operating expenses for Emergency Management. Revenue is provided by Federal Funds.

Errors and Omissions Insurance – To account for the cost of purchasing errors and omission insurance. Revenue is provided by fees.

Public Safety Sales Tax – To account for the cost of volunteer fire departments. Revenue is provided by special sales tax.

Child Abuse Prevention – To account for court fees restricted for child abuse prevention programs and education. Revenue is provided by fees.

District Clerk Records Management- To account for monies resulting from fees the county, district and justice courts. Funds are to be used for management and preservation. Revenue is provided by fees.

Court Reporter Service- To account for the cost incurred by the courts to provide. Court Reporter related services. Revenue is provided by fees.

Appellate Justice System – Fees To account for the accumulation of funds for the Appellate Justice system. Revenue is provided by fees.

Justice Court Technology – To account for court fees restricted for technological improvements in the Justice of the Peace Courts. Revenue is provided by fees.

CC Records Management and Preservation – To account for the cost incurred by the County to preserve and maintain records. Revenue is provided by fees.

CC Vital Statistics – To account for the cost incurred by the County Clerk to preserve and maintain records. Revenue is provided by fees.

CC Archival Fee – To account for the cost incurred by the County Clerk to preserve and maintain records. Revenue is provided by fees.

SCAAP Grant – To account for additional equipment and training under grant program. Revenue is provided by State aid.

Records Management and Preservation- To account funds that are to be used for records management and preservation.

Courthouse Security – To account for court fees restricted to providing security for the courthouse.

Election Services— To account for funding of elections with local governments that have an agreement with the County to provide election services.

Library Donation – To account for the purchase of library equipment. Revenue is provided by restricted donations.

Sheriff Forfeiture – To account for the operating, forfeiture and collections monies collected and disbursed by the Sheriff's Office.

Library - To account for library expenses. Revenue is provided by library fees and fines.

D.A. Hot Check Fees – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to the fee collected for hot checks pursuant to Texas Code of Criminal Procedures Article 102.007. The expenditure of these funds is at the sole discretion of the District Attorney.

Road and Bridge– To account for the cost of operation, repair, and maintenance of roads and bridges. Revenue is primarily provided by auto registrations, road and bridges fees, fines, and ad valorem taxes.

Courthouse Renovation– To account for various renovations of the Rockwall County Courthouse. Revenue is provided by fees.

Sheriff Law Enforcement— To account for monies held on behalf of individuals collected by the Sheriff's Office.

Juvenile Delinquency Prevention— To account for fees restricted for the prevention of juvenile delinquency and graffiti eradication.

Veterans Court – To account for funds restricted for the benefit of the Veterans Court Program.

Radio Interoperability– To account for the purpose of implementing and transitioning to a new shared countywide P25 trunked radio system for the County and all the cities within the County. Revenue provided the County and each of the cities.

Facilities Improvements – To account for building maintenance and for current and future facilities projects.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue									
ACCETO		mergency inagement	<u>En</u>	Fire Code forcement		ourt Record eservation	F	trict Court Records chnology	_	Law Library
ASSETS Cash and investments	4	22 472	4	66.069	4	121 125	4	20 100	4	127 101
Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$	32,473	\$	66,968	\$	121,135	\$	38,199	\$	127,101
Accounts Taxes		150 -		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		127	_		_		_		_	
Total assets	_	32,750	_	66,968	_	121,135	_	38,199	_	127,101
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable		537		18,279		_		_		_
Accrued expenditures		8,808		-		-		-		662
Due to other funds		-		_		_		-		-
Total liabilities	_	9,345	_	18,279	_	-	_		_	662
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenue - lien assessments		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		427								
Prepaids Restricted for:		127		-		-		-		-
Records preservation and management		_		_		121,135		_		_
Court security and technology		_		_		-		38,199		_
Legal		_		_		-		-		126,439
Public safety		23,278		48,689		-		-		-
Judicial		-		-		-		-		-
Capital acquisition and construction		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		-
Roads and bridges		-		-		-		-		-
Elections assistance and administration		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	_	-	_		_	-	_	<u> </u>	_	-
Total fund balances	_	23,405	_	48,689	-	121,135	_	38,199	_	126,439
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources, and fund balances	\$	32,750	\$	66,968	\$_	121,135	\$	38,199	\$	127,101

Special Revenue

	County/ District Court echnology	Е	tice Court Building Security		D. A. State	D. A. Forfeiture	R	Cities eadiness nitiative	A	Help merica ce Grant	Ab	Sheriff's andoned roperty		Emergency anagement Federal Grant
\$	20,317	\$	17,046	\$	23,714	\$ 166,563	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,138	\$	205
	- - -		- - -	_	- - -	86 - -		4,696 - -		- - -		- - -		- - -
	20,317		17,046	_	23,714	166,649		4,696	_			10,138		205
	- - -		- - -	_	1,533 557 -	56 - -		4,020 - 2,065		- - -		- - - -		- - -
_	-		-	_	2,090	56	_	6,085	_			-	_	-
_	<u>-</u> -	_	<u>-</u> -	_	<u>-</u> -		_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u> -	_	<u>-</u> -
	-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
<u> </u>	20,317	_	- 17,046 - - - - - - - - - - 17,046		- 21,624 - - - - - - - - 21,624	166,593 - - - - - - - - - 166,593	<u>(</u>	- - - - - - - - 1,389)		- - - - - - - - - -	_	10,138		- - 205 - - - - - - 205
\$	20,317	\$	17,046	\$	23,714	\$ 166,649	\$	4,696	\$	-	\$	10,138	\$	205

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue											
ASSETS	Errors and Omissions Insurance	Public Safety Sales Tax	Child Abuse Prevention	District Clerk Records Management	Court Reporter Service							
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 937,383	\$ 520	\$ 19,738	\$ 213,889							
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	.	р 937,303	ф 320	\$ 19,730								
Accounts	-	-	-	-	698							
Taxes	-	113,961	-	-	-							
Prepaid items				-	1,251							
Total assets		1,051,344	520	19,738	215,838							
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	-	6,852	-	-	3,373							
Accrued expenditures	-	-	-	-	-							
Due to other funds	-	=	-	-	-							
Total liabilities	-	6,852	-	-	3,373							
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue - lien assessments	-	-	-	-	-							
Total deferred inflows of resources	-		-	-								
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable												
Prepaids	-	-	-	-	1,251							
Restricted for:				10.720								
Records preservation and management Court security and technology	-	-	-	19,738	-							
Legal	_	_	_	_	211,214							
Public safety	_	1,044,492	520	_	-							
Judicial	-	-	-	-	_							
Capital acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-	-							
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-							
Roads and bridges	-	-	-	-	-							
Elections assistance and administration	-	-	-	-	-							
Unassigned												
Total fund balances		1,044,492	520	19,738	212,465							
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources, and fund balances	\$	\$ <u>1,051,344</u>	\$ <u>520</u>	\$ <u>19,738</u>	\$ <u>215,838</u>							

Special Revenue

Special Revenue															
	Appellate Justice Justice Court System Technology			CC Records Management and Preservation			CC Vital Statistics		CC Archival Fee		SCAAP Grant		Records Management and Preservation		Courthouse Security
\$	34,861	\$	95,979		1,917,958		8,887	\$	1,155,170	\$	46,478	\$	43,960	¢	188,044
Ψ	54,001	Ψ	33,373	Ψ	1,517,550	Ψ	0,007	Ψ	1,155,170	Ψ	40,470	Ψ	43,700	Ψ	100,044
	-		-		-		-		9,445		-		-		-
	-		- 150		- 0		-		-		-		-		-
_			152	-	8	-		-		-		-		-	<u>-</u>
	34,861		96,131	_	1,917,966	_	8,887	_	1,164,615	_	46,478	_	43,960	_	188,044
	_		930		6,783		1,551		_		6,929		173		3,723
	-		-		907		-		-		-		-		-
			930	-	7,690	_	1,551	-		_	6,929	_	173	_	2 722
_			930	-	7,090	_	1,551	-		-	0,929	_	1/3	_	3,723
_				-		_	-	-	<u>-</u>	-		_		_	<u>-</u>
				_		_		_		_		_		_	
	-		152		8		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		1,910,268		7,336		1,164,615		39,549		43,787		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		184,321 -
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	34,861		95,049		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		_		-		_		-		_		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
				_	-	_	-	_	_	_		_		_	
_	34,861		95,201	_	1,910,276	_	7,336	_	1,164,615	_	39,549	_	43,787	_	184,321
_	24.061	_	06 121	_	1 017 066	_	0.007	_	1 164615	_	46 470	_	42.060	_	100.044
\$	34,861	\$	96,131	\$_	1,917,966	\$_	8,887	\$_	1,164,615	\$_	46,478	\$_	43,960	\$_	188,044

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

<u>-</u>	Special Revenue											
	Election Services	Library Donation	Sheriff Forfeiture	Library	D. A. Hot Check Fees							
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 56,860	\$ 42,040	\$ 314,502	\$ 41,468	\$ 6,445							
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Accounts	-	φ τ 2,0 τ 0	р 51 1 ,502	ў 41,400 -	. 0,443							
Taxes	_	-	-	-	-							
Prepaid items												
Total assets	56,860	42,040	314,502	41,468	6,445							
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	_	11	_	-	_							
Accrued expenditures	64	-	-	-	-							
Due to other funds												
Total liabilities	64	11										
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue - lien assessments	-	-	-	-	-							
Total deferred inflows of resources			<u> </u>									
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable Prepaids	_	_	_	_	_							
Restricted for:												
Records preservation and management	_	=	=	=	-							
Court security and technology	-	-	-	-	-							
Legal	-	-	-	-	6,445							
Public safety	-	-	314,502	-	-							
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-							
Capital acquisition and construction	-	- 42.020	-	-	-							
Culture and recreation Roads and bridges	-	42,029	-	41,468	-							
Elections assistance and administration	- 56,796	-	_	-	_							
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-							
Total fund balances	56,796	42,029	314,502	41,468	6,445							
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources, and fund balances	\$ <u>56,860</u>	\$ <u>42,040</u>	\$ <u>314,502</u>	\$ <u>41,468</u>	\$ <u>6,445</u>							

		Capital Projects					
Road and Bridge	Courthouse Renovation	Sheriff Law Enforcement	Juvenile Delinquency Prevention	Veterans Court	Radio Interoperability	Facilities Improvement	Total
\$ 1,253,639	\$ 365,676	\$ 88,821	\$ 50	\$ 35,027	\$ -	\$ 944,105	\$ 8,435,359
241,966 - 1,388	- - -	- - -	- - 	- - 	298,103 - 116,053	- - -	555,144 113,961 118,979
1,496,993	365,676	88,821	50	35,027	414,156	944,105	9,223,443
39,494 20,062 59,556	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	136 - - 136	407,050 407,050	- - - -	94,380 31,060 409,115 534,555
261,896 261,896			<u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u>			-	261,896 261,896
1,388	-	-	-	-	116,053	-	118,979
1,175,541	365,676 - - - - - - - 365,676	88,821 - - - - - - - - - - - 88,821	- - 50 - - - - - - - 50	34,891 - - - - - - - - 34,891	- - - - - - - - (108,947) 7,106	944,105 - - - - - - - - 944,105	3,306,428 259,883 532,315 1,530,695 164,801 1,309,781 83,497 1,174,153 56,796 (110,336) 8,426,992
\$ 1,496,993	\$ 365,676	\$ 88,821	\$ 50	\$ 35,027	\$ 414,156	\$ 944,105	\$ 9,223,443

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

				Sp	oecial I	Revenue				
DEMENUEC		nergency nagement		Fire Code orcement		t Record ervation	R	trict Court Records chnology	Law Library	
REVENUES Property taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Fines and forfeitures	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Sales taxes		_		-		-		-		-
Fees and commissions		252,655		55,063		6,677		5,497		26,486
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-
Election		-		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings		-		-		-		-		-
Donations		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-			-	- - -	-	
Total revenues		252,655		55,063		6,677	_	5,497	_	26,486
EXPENDITURES Current:										
General government		_		_		_		_		_
Roads and bridges		-		-		_		_		-
Public safety		256,431		25,004		-		-		-
Public service		-		-		-		-		-
Judicial		-		-		-		-		-
Legal		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		=		37,980
Capital outlay		1,979					-		-	
Total expenditures		258,410		25,004					-	37,980
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u></u>	5,755)		30,059		6,677	_	<u>5,497</u>	<u>(</u>	11,494)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out)		(25,000)						_
Transfers in		_	(23,000)		_		_		
Leases issued		_		_		_		_		_
Total other revenues and			(25,000)	-		_		_	
financing sources (uses)							_		_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(5,755)		5,059		6,677		5,497	(11,494)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		29,160		43,630	_1	14,458	_	32,702		137,933
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	23,405	\$	48,689	\$ <u>1</u>	21,135	\$	38,199	\$	126,439

Special Revenue County/ Emergency District Management Justice Court Cities Sheriff's Help Court Building D. A. D. A. Readiness America Abandoned Federal Technology Security State Forfeiture Initiative Vote Grant Property Grant \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 15,699 292 1,800 22,500 40,109 15,699 292 22,500 40,109 1,800 7,925 39,905 9,255 3,360 20,808 8,064 6,505 7,925 3,360 20,808 14,569 39,905 9,255 204 7,925) 292 3,360) 1,692 1,130 9,255) 1,800 17,485 7,925 17,485 7,925 292 3,360) 1,692 204 8,230 1,800 (1,130 20,025 20,406 19,932 165,463 1,593) 8,230) 8,338 205

20,317

17,046

21,624

\$<u>166,593</u>

1,389)

10,138

205

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue District Freeze and Rublic Child Clark Con									
	Om	ors and iissions urance		Public Safety Sales Tax		Child Abuse evention	District Clerk Records <u>Management</u>		Court Reporter Service	
REVENUES	_		_		_		_		_	
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fines and forfeitures Sales taxes		-		- 835,695		520		-		-
Fees and commissions		20		655,695		_		2,935		11,065
Intergovernmental		- 20		_		_		-		-
Election		_		_		_		_		_
Investment earnings		_		-		_		_		-
Donations		_		_		_		-		_
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		20	_	835,695		520		2,935	_	11,065
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		-		=		-		-		-
Roads and bridges		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		380,771		-		-		-
Public service Judicial		-		-		-		- 12,936		- 33,666
Legal		_		_		_		12,930		33,000
Culture and recreation		_		_		_		_		_
Capital outlay		_		_		_		_		_
Total expenditures		-	_	380,771		-		12,936		33,666
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		20	_	454,924	_	520	(10,001)	(22,601)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers out	(30)		-		-		-		
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		
Leases issued			_		_			-	_	
Total other revenues and	(30)	_		_				_	
financing sources (uses)										
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(10)		454,924		520	(10,001)	(22,601)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		10	_	589,568				29,739	_	235,066
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$_	1,044,492	\$	520	\$	19,738	\$	212,465

Special Revenue CC Records Records Appellate Justice Management Management Justice Court and CC Vital CC Archival **SCAAP** and Courthouse System Technology Preservation Statistics Fee Grant Preservation Security \$ \$ \$ 8,029 9,799 344,827 9,477 341,890 5,911 50,064 46,195 10,370 18,890 50,064 8,029 9,799 355,197 9,477 360,780 46,195 5,911 157,242 11,275 498,297 10,484 7,716 22,501 3,670 14,916 9,389 3,469 2,195 3,670 11,275 498,297 7,716 10,484 25,970 24,305 159,437 4,359 14,506) 195,760 1,798) 137,517) 38,479 4,573) 24,094 4,359 14,506) 195,760 1,798) (137,517) 38,479 4,573) 24,094 30,502 1,714,516 1,070 48,360 109,707 9,134 1,302,132 160,227 34,861 95,201 \$ 1,910,276 \$ 7,336 \$ 1,164,615 \$ 39,549 \$ 43,787 \$ 184,321

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		lection ervices	Library Donation		Sheriff Forfeiture	Library		H	D. A. ot Check Fees
REVENUES						_			
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -		\$ -	\$	-	\$	- 742
Fines and forfeitures Sales taxes		-	-		183,774		74,131		742
Fees and commissions		-	-		-		12 /20		-
Intergovernmental		_	_		- 6,597		13,430		_
Election		4,138	_		0,397		_		_
Investment earnings		-	_		_		_		_
Donations		_	11,24	ιq	_		_		_
Miscellaneous		_	-		2,025		_		_
Total revenues		4,138	11,24	19	192,396		87,561	_	742
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-	-		-		-		-
Roads and bridges		-	-		-		-		=
Public safety		-	-		30,943		-		-
Public service		19,410	-		-		-		-
Judicial		-	-		-		-		- - 205
Legal		-	-		-		- 07.026		5,205
Culture and recreation		-	-		-		97,826		-
Capital outlay Total expenditures		19,410		_	30,943		97,826	_	5,205
·						_	3.7020		37233
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(15,272)	11,24	19	161,453	(10,265)	(4,463)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out	(17,485)	_		_		_		_
Transfers out	(-	_		_		_		_
Leases issued		_	_		_		_		_
		17.405)		_					
Total other revenues and financing sources (uses)	<u></u>	<u>17,485</u>)		_		_			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(32,757)	11,24	19	161,453	(10,265)	(4,463)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		89,553	30,78	<u> 80</u>	153,049	_	51,733		10,908
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	56,796	\$ <u>42,02</u>	<u> 19</u>	\$ <u>314,502</u>	\$	41,468	\$	6,445

		Special Revenue Capital Projects			_			
_	Road and Bridge	Courthouse Renovation	Sheriff Law Enforcement	Juvenile Delinquency Prevention	Veterans Court	Radio Interoperability	Facilities Improvement	Total
\$	14,606 60,716	\$ - -	\$ - 13,778	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 14,606 349,360
	- 1,662,170	- 16,616	-	-	- 1,544	-	-	835,695 2,826,247
	- - 9,527	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - 427	- - -	115,401 4,138 20,324
_	- 511	- -	- -	<u>-</u> 	- -	- -	-	11,249 21,426
-	1,747,530	16,616	13,778		1,544	427	<u> </u>	4,198,446
	-	-	-	-	9,004	-	-	686,302
	1,788,721 -	-	- 40,359	-	-	-	- 127 500	1,788,721 771,650
	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	229,068 - -	137,599 - -	435,237 68,548 34,077
_	- 58,217	<u>-</u>	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	-	135,806 81,754
_	1,846,938		40,359		9,004	229,068	137,599	4,002,095
<u>(</u>	99,408)	16,616	(26,581)		(7,460)	(228,641)	(137,599)	196,351
	- -	- -	- -	-	-	- 172,100	- 262,304	(42,515) 451,889
=	<u>-</u>					172,100	262,304	7,925 417,299
(99,408)	16,616	(26,581)	-	(7,460)		124,705	613,650
-	1,274,949	349,060	115,402	50	42,351	63,647	819,400	7,813,342
\$_	1,175,541	\$ <u>365,676</u>	\$88,821	\$50	\$ <u>34,891</u>	\$ <u>7,106</u>	\$ 944,105	\$ 8,426,992

ROAD IMPROVEMENTS BOND 2008

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	l Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Difference
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$ 1,039,600 20,000	\$ 4,000,000 <u>20,000</u>	\$ 4,000,000 159,132	\$ - 139,132
Total revenues	1,059,600	4,020,000	4,159,132	139,132
EXPENDITURES Current: Roads and bridges	21,164,600	21,164,600	1,130,483	20,034,117
Total expenditures	21,164,600	21,164,600	1,130,483	20,034,117
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(20,105,000)	(17,144,600)	3,028,649	20,173,249
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(20,105,000)	(17,144,600)	3,028,649	20,173,249
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	21,802,505	21,802,505	21,802,505	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>1,697,505</u>	\$ <u>4,657,905</u>	\$ 24,831,154	\$ <u>20,173,249</u>

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Difference
REVENUES Property taxes Investment earnings	\$ 10,961,186 25,000	\$ 10,961,186 25,000	\$ 11,095,282 14,578	\$ 134,096 (10,422)
Total revenues	10,986,186	10,986,186	11,109,860	123,674
EXPENDITURES Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	5,940,000 5,411,303	5,940,000 5,411,303	5,940,000 5,407,550	- 3,753
Total expenditures	11,351,303	11,351,303	11,347,550	3,753
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(365,117)	(365,117)	(237,690)	127,427
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(365,117)	(365,117)	(237,690)	127,427
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	2,041,255	2,041,255	2,041,255	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>1,676,138</u>	\$ <u>1,676,138</u>	\$ <u>1,803,565</u>	\$ <u>127,427</u>

JAIL EXPANSION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Difference
REVENUES Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ <u>25,000</u> <u>25,000</u>	\$ 25,000 25,000	\$ 46,025 46,025	\$ 21,025 21,025
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay	15,140,000	15,140,000	10,617,443	4,522,557
Total expenditures	15,140,000	15,140,000	10,617,443	4,522,557
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(15,115,000)	(15,115,000)	(10,571,418)	4,543,582
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(15,115,000)	(15,115,000)	(10,571,418)	4,543,582
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	14,026,111	14,026,111	14,026,111	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u> 1,088,889)	\$(1,088,889)	\$3,454,693	\$ 4,543,582

AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
	Original	Final	Actual	Difference
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ - 25,000 25,000	\$ - <u>25,000</u> <u>25,000</u>	\$ 229,921 	\$ 229,921 (25,000) 204,921
EXPENDITURES Public facilities Capital outlay	849,960 <u>9,364,295</u>	849,960 <u>9,364,295</u>	- 229,662	849,960 9,134,633
Total expenditures	10,214,255	10,214,255	229,662	9,984,593
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(10,189,255)	(10,189,255)	259	10,189,514
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(10,189,255)	(10,189,255)	259	10,189,514
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	(259)	(259)	(259)	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(10,189,514</u>)	\$ <u>(10,189,514</u>)	\$	\$ <u>10,189,514</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
REVENUES Fees and commissions Total revenues	Final \$ 226,777 226,777	Actual Amounts \$ 252,655	Positive (Negative) \$ 25,878 25,878
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Capital outlay Total expenditures	280,039 2,730 282,769	256,431 1,979 258,410	23,608 751 24,359
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(55,992)	(5,755)	50,237
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(55,992)	(5,755)	50,237
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	29,160	29,160	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u> 26,832)	\$ 23,405	\$ 50,237

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FIRE CODE ENFORCEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts			Fina	iance with al Budget -	
		Tinal .	-	Actual		Positive
REVENUES	-	Final	A	mounts	(1)	legative)
Fees and commissions Total revenues	\$	45,000 45,000	\$ <u></u>	55,063 55,063	\$	10,063 10,063
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public safety		85,000		25,004		59,996
Total expenditures		85,000		25,004	_	59,996
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(</u>	40,000)		30,059		70,059
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Total other revenues and financing sources (uses)	<u>(</u>	25,000) 25,000)	<u>(</u>	25,000) 25,000)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(65,000)		5,059		70,059
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		43,630		43,630		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	21,370)	\$	48,689	\$	70,059

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

COURT RECORD PRESERVATION FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Fees and commissions	\$ 17,500	\$ 6,677	\$(10,823)
Total revenues	17,500	6,677	(10,823)
EXPENDITURES			
Current: General government	107,500	-	107,500
Total expenditures	107,500		107,500
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(90,000)	6,677	96,677
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(90,000)	6,677	96,677
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	114,458	114,458	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$\$	\$ <u>121,135</u>	\$ 96,677

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

DISTRICT COURT RECORDS TECHNOLOGY FUND

	Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
REVENUES Fees and commissions Total revenues	Final \$ 17,500 17,500	* 5,497 5,497	(Negative) \$(12,003) (12,003)
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Total expenditures	37,500 37,500	<u>-</u>	37,500 37,500
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(20,000)	5,497	25,497
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(20,000)	5,497	25,497
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	32,702	32,702	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>12,702</u>	\$ 38,199	\$ <u>25,497</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

LAW LIBRARY FUND

	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
REVENUES	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Fees and commissions Total revenues	\$ 80,000 80,000	\$ <u>26,486</u> <u>26,486</u>	\$ <u>(</u> 53,514) (53,514)
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Culture and recreation Capital outlay	91,604 2,000	37,980 -	53,624 2,000
Total expenditures	93,604	37,980	55,624
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(13,604)	(11,494)	2,110
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(13,604)	(11,494)	2,110
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	137,933	137,933	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$124,329	\$ <u>126,439</u>	\$ <u>2,110</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

COUNTY/DISTRICT COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND

	Budgeted Amou	<u>nts</u> Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Fees and commissions	\$ 1,50	0 \$ 292	\$(1,208)
Total revenues	1,50	_ '	(1,208)
EXPENDITURES Current:			
General government	16,50	00 -	16,500
Total expenditures	16,50		16,500
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(15,00	00) 292	15,292
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(15,00	0) 292	15,292
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	20,02	20,025	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$5,02	<u>\$ 20,317</u>	\$ <u>15,292</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

JUSTICE COURT BUILDING SECURITY FUND

	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
REVENUES	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Total revenues	<u> </u>		
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Judicial	20,000	3,360	16,640
Total expenditures	20,000	3,360	16,640
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(20,000)	(3,360)	16,640
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(20,000)	(3,360)	16,640
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	20,406	20,406	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	\$ <u>17,046</u>	\$ <u>16,640</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

D. A. STATE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
REVENUES	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$ <u>22,500</u> <u>22,500</u>	\$ 22,500 22,500	\$ <u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Legal Total expenditures	22,500 22,500	20,808 20,808	1,692 1,692
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,692	1,692
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	1,692	1,692
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	19,932	19,932	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>19,932</u>	\$ <u>21,624</u>	\$ <u>1,692</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

D. A. FORFEITURE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
REVENUES	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Fines and forfeitures Total revenues	\$ 10,000 10,000	\$ 15,699 15,699	\$ 5,699 5,699
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Legal	140,035	8,064 6,505	131,971
Capital outlay Total expenditures	25,000 165,035	6,505 14,569	18,495 150,466
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(155,035)	1,130	<u> 156,165</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(155,035)	1,130	156,165
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	165,463	165,463	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$10,428	\$ <u>166,593</u>	\$ <u>156,165</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CITIES READINESS INITIATIVE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	\$	40.262	\$	40 100	+ /	2521
Intergovernmental	⊅	40,362	⊅	40,109	\$ <u>(</u>	<u>253</u>)
Total revenues		40,362		40,109		<u>253</u>)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public service		40,362		39,905		457
Total expenditures		40,362		39,905		457
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		<u> </u>				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				204		204
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		204		204
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	(1,593)	(1,593)		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	1,593)	\$ <u>(</u>	1,389)	\$	204

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SHERIFF'S ABANDONED PROPERTY FUND

	Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
DEVENUES	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Fees and commissions Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 1,000 1,000 2,000	\$ 1,800 - 1,800	\$ 800 (1,000) (200)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Total expenditures	7,000 7,000	<u> </u>	7,000 7,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(5,000)	1,800	6,800
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(5,000)	1,800	6,800
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	8,338	8,338	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>3,338</u>	\$ <u>10,138</u>	\$ <u>6,800</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

PUBLIC SAFETY SALES TAX

	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
REVENUES	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Sales taxes Total revenues	\$ 350,000 350,000	\$ 835,695 835,695	\$ 485,695 485,695
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Public safety Capital outlay	390,000 5,000	380,771	9,229 5,000
Total expenditures	395,000	380,771	14,229
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(45,000)	454,924	499,924
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(45,000)	454,924	499,924
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	589,568	589,568	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$544,568	\$ <u>1,044,492</u>	\$ <u>499,924</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CHILD ABUSE PREVENTION FUND

	Budgeted A Final			ual unts	Variand Final Bu Posi (Nega	ıdget - tive
REVENUES	\$	100	\$	F20	\$	420
Fines and forfeitures	<u>+</u>	100	\$	<u>520</u>	\$	420
Total revenues		100		520		420
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Health and welfare		100		_		100
Total expenditures		100	-	_		100
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		<u>-</u>		520	(520)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		520		520
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING						
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	_	\$	520	\$	520

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

DISTRICT CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
DEVENUES	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Fees and commissions Total revenues	\$ 10,000 10,000	\$ 2,935 2,935	\$ <u>(</u> 7,065) (7,065)
EXPENDITURES			
Current: Judicial Total expenditures	20,000 20,000	12,936 12,936	7,064 7,064
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(10,000)	(10,001)	(1)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(10,000)	(10,001)	(1)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	29,739	29,739	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 19,739	\$19,738	\$ <u>(</u> 1)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

COURT REPORTER SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts	Variance with Final Budget · Positive	
	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES Fees and commissions Total revenues	\$ <u>30,000</u> 30,000	\$ <u>11,065</u> <u>11,065</u>	\$(18,935) (18,935)
EXPENDITURES			
Current: Judicial Capital outlay Total expenditures	182,024 47,976 230,000	33,666 - 33,666	148,358 47,976 196,334
	<u>-</u>		
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(200,000)	(22,601)	177,399
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(200,000)	(22,601)	177,399
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	235,066	235,066	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>35,066</u>	\$ <u>212,465</u>	\$ <u>177,399</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

APPELLATE JUSTICE SYSTEM FUND

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget -	
DEVENUES	Final \$ 13,000 13,000			Actual mounts	P	ositive egative)
REVENUES Fees and commissions Total revenues				8,029 8,029	\$ <u>(</u> 	4,971) 4,971)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Judicial Total expenditures		38,000 38,000		3,670 3,670		34,330 34,330
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(</u>	25,000)		4,35 <u>9</u>		29,359
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(25,000)		4,359		29,359
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		30,502		30,502		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	5,502	\$	34,861	\$	29,359

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY

	Budgeted Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
REVENUES	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Fees and commissions Total revenues	\$ <u>10,000</u> <u>10,000</u>	\$ <u>9,799</u> <u>9,799</u>	\$ <u>(201)</u> (201)
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Judicial Capital outlay	53,000 57,000 110,000	14,916 <u>9,389</u> 24,305	38,084 47,611 85,695
Total expenditures	110,000	24,303	03,093
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(100,000)	(14,506)	<u>85,494</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(100,000)	(14,506)	85,494
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	109,707	109,707	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$9,707	\$ <u>95,201</u>	\$ 85,494

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

COUNTY CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT AND PRESERVATION FUND

	Budgeted Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
D=V=V=	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Fees and commissions Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 310,000 1,000 311,000	\$ 344,827 10,370 355,197	\$ 34,827 <u>9,370</u> 44,197
EXPENDITURES Current:			
General government Capital outlay Total expenditures	580,051 100,000 680,051	157,242 2,195 159,437	422,809 97,805 520,614
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(369,051)	195,760	564,811
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(369,051)	195,760	564,811
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,714,516	1,714,516	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>1,345,465</u>	\$ <u>1,910,276</u>	\$ 564,811

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

COUNTY CLERK VITAL STATISTICS FUND

	Budgeted Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
REVENUES	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Fees and commissions Total revenues	\$ <u>6,500</u> 6,500	\$ <u>9,477</u> <u>9,477</u>	\$ <u>2,977</u> 2,977
EXPENDITURES Current:			
General government	15,000 2,000	11,275	3,725 2,000
Capital Outlay Total expenditures	17,000	11,275	5,725
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(10,500)	(1,798)	8,702
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(10,500)	(1,798)	8,702
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	9,134	9,134	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u> 1,366)	\$ <u>7,336</u>	\$ <u>8,702</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

COUNTY CLERK ARCHIVAL FEE FUND

	Budge	Variance with Final Budget -		
		Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Fees and commissions Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ 	350,000 1,000 - 351,000	\$ 341,890 - 18,890 360,780	\$(8,110) (1,000)
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Capital outlay Total expenditures	_	533,442 30,000 563,442	498,297 - 498,297	35,145 30,000 65,145
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(</u>	212,442)	(137,517)	74,925
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(212,442)	(137,517)	74,925
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,302,132	1,302,132	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	1,089,690	\$ <u>1,164,615</u>	\$ 74,925

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SCAAP GRANT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$ <u>60,000</u> 60,000	\$ 46,195 46,195	\$(13,805) (13,805)
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Public safety Total expenditures	80,458 80,458	7,716 7,716	72,742 72,742
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(20,458)	38,479	58,937
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(20,458)	38,479	58,937
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,070	1,070	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u> 19,388)	\$ <u>39,549</u>	\$ 58,937

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

RECORDS MANAGEMENT AND PRESERVATION

	Budgeted Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
REVENUES	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Fees and commissions Total revenues	\$ 20,000 20,000	\$ 5,911 5,911	\$ <u>(14,089)</u> (14,089)
EXPENDITURES Current:			
General government	55,000	10,484	44,516
Capital outlay Total expenditures	5,000 60,000	10,484	5,000 49,516
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(40,000)	(4,573)	35,427
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(40,000)	(4,573)	35,427
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	48,360	48,360	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$8,360	\$ 43,787	\$35,427

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

COURTHOUSE SECURITY FUND

	Budge	ted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Fees and commissions	\$	60,000	\$ <u>50,064</u>	\$ <u>(</u> 9,936)
Total revenues		60,000	50,064	(9,936)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Capital outlay Total expenditures		82,000 28,000 110,000	22,501 3,469 25,970	59,499 24,531 84,030
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(50,000)	24,094	74,094
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(50,000)	24,094	74,094
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		160,227	160,227	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	110,227	\$ 184,321	\$ <u>74,094</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

LIBRARY DONATION FUND

	Budg	eted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				·
Donations	\$	42,000	\$ <u>11,249</u>	\$ <u>(</u> 30,751)
Total revenues		42,000	11,249	(30,751)
EXPENDITURES Current: Culture and recreation Capital outlay Total expenditures		51,000 31,000 82,000	- - -	51,000 31,000 82,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(40,000)	11,249	51,249
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(40,000)	11,249	51,249
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		30,780	30,780	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	9,220)	\$ 42,029	\$ <u>51,249</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

	Budge	eted Amounts Final	,	Actual mounts	Fina F	ance with I Budget - Positive egative)
REVENUES Property taxes Fines and forfeitures Fees and commissions Intergovernmental Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	14,440 55,000 1,515,000 124,531 1,500 2,000 1,712,471		14,606 60,716 ,662,170 - 9,527 511 ,747,530	\$ (<u>(</u>	166 5,716 147,170 124,531) 8,027 1,489) 35,059
EXPENDITURES Current: Roads and bridges Capital outlay Total expenditures		2,438,030 424,441 2,862,471	1,	,788,721 58,217 ,846,938	1	649,309 366,224 ,015,533
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,150,000)	(99,408)	1	,050,592
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of assets Total other revenues and financing sources (uses)		10,000 10,000		<u>-</u>	<u>(</u>	10,000) 10,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,140,000)	(99,408)	1	,040,592
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,274,949	_1,	,274,949		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	134,949	\$ <u>1,</u>	,175,541	\$ <u>1</u>	,040,592

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

COURTHOUSE RENOVATION

	Budgeted Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
DEVENUE	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Fees and commissions Total revenues	\$ <u>50,000</u> 50,000	\$ <u>16,616</u> <u>16,616</u>	\$ <u>(</u> 33,384) (33,384)
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Capital outlay Total expenditures	375,000 375,000	<u> </u>	375,000 375,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(325,000)	<u> 16,616</u>	<u>341,616</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(325,000)	16,616	341,616
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	349,060	349,060	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 24,060	\$ <u>365,676</u>	\$ 341,616

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PREVENTION FUND

	Budgeted Amounts					nce with Budget -
	Fi	nal		Actual nounts		sitive Jative)
REVENUES Fees and commissions Total revenues	\$	50 50	\$ <u></u>	-	\$ <u>(</u>	50) 50)
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public safety Total expenditures		50 50		<u>-</u>		50 50
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		50		50		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	50	\$	50	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

VETERANS COURT

	Budgeted Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -		
DEVENUES	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Fees and commissions Total revenues	\$ <u>16,500</u> <u>16,500</u>	\$ <u>1,544</u> <u>1,544</u>	\$ <u>(14,956)</u> (14,956)	
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government Total expenditures	42,724 42,724	9,004 9,004	33,720 33,720	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(26,224)	(7,460)	18,764	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(26,224)	(7,460)	18,764	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	42,351	42,351		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$16,127	\$34,891	\$18,764	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

RADIO INTEROPERABILITY

	Budg	eted Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	Final Po	nce with Budget - sitive gative)
REVENUES Investment earnings Total revenues	\$		\$	427 427	\$	427 427
EXPENDITURES Current: Public service Total expenditures		232,100 232,100	_	229,068 229,068		3,032 3,032
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(232,100)	(228,641)		3,459
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Total other revenues and financing sources (uses)		172,100 172,100		172,100 172,100		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(60,000)	(56,541)		3,459
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		63,647		63,647		-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	3,647	\$	7,106	\$	3,459

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FACILITIES IMPROVEMENT

	Budge	eted Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -	
		Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Total revenues		-		
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public service		1,429,590	137,599	1,291,991
Total expenditures		1,429,590	137,599	1,291,991
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,429,590)	(137,599)	1,291,991
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		509,590	262,304	(247,286)
Total other revenues and financing sources (uses)		509,590	262,304	(247,286)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(920,000)	124,705	1,044,705
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		819,400	819,400	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	100,600)	\$ <u>944,105</u>	\$ <u>1,044,705</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Cc	ounty Clerk	<u>D</u>	istrict Clerk	Total Investment Trust Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments Total assets	\$	1,197,486 1,197,486	\$ <u> </u>	6,539,850 6,539,850	\$ <u>7,737,336</u> <u>7,737,336</u>
LIABILITIES Due to other governments Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET POSITION Held in trust Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments		1,197,486		6,539,850	7,737,336
Total net position	\$	1,197,486	\$	6,539,850	\$ <u>7,737,336</u>

District Attorney	Tax Assessor	Sheriff	Bail Bond Board	Total Custodial <u>Funds</u>
\$ 145,428 145,428	\$ 1,218,615 1,218,615	\$ 733,521 733,521	\$ <u>1,560,000</u> <u>1,560,000</u>	\$ <u>3,657,564</u> <u>3,657,564</u>
	1,104,458 1,104,458			1,104,458 1,104,458
-	-	-	-	-
145,428	114,157	733,521	1,560,000	2,553,106
\$ <u>145,428</u>	\$ <u>114,157</u>	\$ <u>733,521</u>	\$_1,560,000	\$ 2,553,106

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	County Clerk	District Clerk	Total Investment Trust Funds
ADDITIONS Taxes and fes collected on behalf of other governments Contributions from other governments Bonds received Interest earnings Total additions	\$ - 772,241 <u>989</u> 773,230	\$ - 7,703,507 - 984 - 7,704,491	\$ - 8,475,748 1,973 8,477,721
DEDUCTIONS Disbursements on behalf of contracting entities Bonds returned Total deductions	373,182 373,182	- 4,250,181 4,250,181	4,623,363 4,623,363
CHANGES IN NET POSITION NET POSITION, BEGINNING	400,048 	3,454,310 3,085,540	3,854,358 <u>3,882,978</u>
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 1,197,486	\$ 6,539,850	\$7,737,336

Dist	rict Attorney	Tax	Assessor		Sheriff	Bail Bond Board		neriff Bail Bond Board_			Total Custodial Funds
\$	39,276 102,626 - -	8	3,446,834 - -	\$	- - 2,088,074 -	\$	- - -	\$	39,276 83,549,460 2,088,074		
_	141,902	8	3,446,834	_	2,088,074	_	-	_	85,676,810		
	162,686	8	3,530,079 -	_	- 1,708,373		- -	_	83,692,765 1,708,373		
	162,686	_ 8	3,530,079	_	1,708,373		<u>-</u>	-	85,401,138		
(20,784)	(83,245)		379,701		-		275,672		
_	166,212		197,402	_	353,820		1,560,000	_	2,277,434		
\$	145,428	\$	114,157	\$	733,521	\$	1,560,000	\$_	2,553,106		



STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of Rockwall County, Texas' annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance has changed over time.	111 - 122
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its electric utility, sales tax and property tax revenues.	123 - 128
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.	129 - 134
Economic and Demographic Indicators These schedules contain economic and demographic information to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	135 - 136
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	137 - 142

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
		2013		2014		2015		2016
Governmental activities:								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ _	20,930,434 6,868,464 2,072,187	\$	12,994,274 6,586,418 1,314,154	\$ <u>(</u>	14,976,979 10,503,141 2,903,308)	\$ <u>(</u>	19,203,116 8,490,789 13,807,902)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	29,871,085	\$_	20,894,846	\$	22,576,812	\$	13,886,003
Primary government:								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ _	20,930,434 6,868,464 2,072,187	\$ _	12,994,274 6,586,418 1,314,154	\$ <u>(</u>	14,976,979 10,503,141 2,903,308)	\$ <u>(</u>	19,203,116 8,490,789 13,807,902)
Total primary government net position	\$	29,871,085	\$_	20,894,846	\$	22,576,812	\$	13,886,003

Source: Rockwall County financial records.

Fiscal Year

	2017		2018		2019		2020	_	2021		2022
\$ <u>(</u>	23,007,978 7,651,207 11,992,739)	\$ <u>(</u>	25,995,894 8,267,388 15,687,813)	\$ <u>(</u>	28,810,600 8,335,035 14,157,840)	\$ <u>(</u>	13,434,555 28,531,093 18,973,148)	\$ <u>(</u>	2,612,678 30,501,445 4,047,115)	\$ <u>(</u>	6,122,488 34,208,799 202,550)
\$	18,666,446	\$	18,575,469	\$	22,987,795	\$	22,992,500	\$	29,067,008	\$	40,128,737
\$ <u>(</u>	23,007,978 7,651,207 11,992,739)	\$ <u>(</u>	25,995,894 8,267,388 15,687,813)	\$ <u>(</u> _	28,810,600 8,335,035 14,157,840)	\$ <u>(</u> _	13,434,555 28,531,093 18,973,148)	\$ <u>(</u>	2,612,678 30,501,445 4,047,115)	\$ <u>(</u>	6,122,488 34,208,799 202,550)
\$	18,666,446	\$	18,575,469	\$	22,987,795	\$	22,992,500	\$	29,067,008	\$	40,128,737

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fisca	l Yea	r		
		2013		2014		2015		2016
EXPENSES	'							
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	5,522,225	\$	5,867,997	\$	5,874,990	\$	5,636,027
Judicial		3,257,514		3,743,115		3,561,402		4,012,060
Legal		1,838,282		2,141,138		2,187,226		2,360,870
Financial administration		1,687,204		1,997,162		1,845,403		1,944,700
Public Facilities		585,122		3,842,926		1,177,026		1,360,462
Public safety		11,698,310		12,959,766		12,097,895		12,607,729
Public Services		560,015		596,288		554,909		577,138
Roads and Bridges		20,193,170		25,659,403		8,930,465		14,295,237
Health and welfare		980,619		1,334,764		1,274,482		1,278,773
Culture and Recreation		1,517,513		1,668,304		1,514,662		1,615,482
Conservation		89,046		111,439		89,661		106,645
Interest on long-term debt		3,434,549		4,453,876		3,868,690		3,978,964
Total expenses		51,363,569		64,376,178		42,976,811		49,774,087
PROGRAM REVENUES								
Governmental activities:								
Fees, fines and charges for services:								
General government	\$	1,440,264	\$	1,539,098	\$	1,632,206	\$	1,821,270
Judicial		1,289,890		1,598,415		1,337,455		1,207,763
Legal		18,785		17,645		13,846		9,752
Financial administration		711,550		92,903		101,255		91,284
Public Facilities		80,660		185,486		122,494		180,033
Public Safety		1,358,506		1,227,276		696,432		603,326
Roads and bridges		1,693,886		1,609,111		1,501,565		1,707,620
Culture and recreation		147,533		163,582		161,390		151,789
Health and welfare		99,934		106,885		111,244		145,636
Conservation		-		=		5,500		500
Operating grants and contributions		4,812,739		19,872,015		4,738,006		2,114,793
Capital grants and contributions		7,320		175,748		43,746		50,401
Total governmental activities								
program revenues		11,661,067		26,588,164		10,465,139		8,084,167
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES								
Governmental activities	\$(39,702,502)	\$(37,788,014)	\$(32,511,672)	\$(41,689,920)
Total primary government	' -	, - ,	'	, ,)	'		'	, ,
, , , ,	1	39,702,502)	(37,788,014)	(32,511,672)	(41,689,920)
net expense		J3,/UZ,JUZ)		37,700,014)	_	JZ,JII,U/Z)		41,003,320)

Fiscal Year

	Fiscal Year											
	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
\$	5,486,832 4,044,502 2,520,203 2,056,110 1,435,505 13,413,995 743,607 3,660,720 1,300,656 1,652,450 115,418 3,935,608 40,365,606	\$	6,071,664 4,220,591 2,674,909 2,080,089 1,037,047 14,018,186 790,417 3,493,923 1,097,099 1,833,884 112,282 3,674,108 41,104,199	\$	6,067,421 4,754,993 3,104,532 2,361,724 568,253 15,772,281 834,029 4,386,166 1,048,781 1,735,006 123,461 3,335,131 44,091,778	\$	6,924,403 4,687,352 3,483,057 2,491,567 698,371 17,345,515 930,201 7,834,052 1,171,787 1,742,016 130,427 3,579,893 51,018,641	\$ 	6,961,521 5,232,709 3,582,701 2,506,609 880,944 17,196,757 1,062,039 3,346,207 1,065,040 1,588,365 123,067 5,289,098 48,835,057	\$ 	7,057,491 4,821,773 3,224,402 2,313,509 2,579,371 17,404,062 1,248,458 3,168,202 1,194,585 1,540,667 125,586 4,300,661 48,978,767	
\$	1,905,915 1,087,800 6,121 220,689 140,733 624,375 1,936,259 179,627 130,759 16,000 1,131,442 48,701	\$	1,859,658 1,133,233 6,356 272,824 139,039 976,919 1,523,478 160,088 145,361 10,000 774,482 24,541	\$	1,871,938 1,206,004 6,243 293,454 99,437 744,010 1,568,690 154,715 139,624 500 565,634 12,000	\$	2,105,735 919,231 3,250 276,763 86,768 1,194,111 1,534,931 167,362 168,550 1,000 1,035,240 15,550	\$	2,518,775 969,917 918 287,070 146,344 954,899 1,585,121 128,168 201,416 - 2,135,580 8,275	\$	2,206,192 909,916 50 295,559 25,774 919,253 1,691,235 114,047 227,463 42,700 4,852,456 11,249	
	7,428,421	_	7,025,979		6,662,249	_	7,508,491	_	8,936,483		11,295,894	
\$ <u>(</u>	32,937,185)	\$ <u>(</u>	34,078,220)	\$ <u>(</u>	37,429,529)	\$ <u>(</u>	43,510,150)	\$ <u>(</u>	39,898,574)	\$ <u>(</u>	37,682,873)	
(32,937,185)	(34,078,220)	(37,429,529)	(43,510,150)	(39,898,574)	(37,682,873)	

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year										
		2013		2014		2015		2016				
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental activities: Taxes												
Property taxes Mixed beverage Sales Tax Investment earnings Miscellaneous Gain from sale of capital assets Total governmental activities	\$ 	27,043,675 227,299 347,819 89,062 41,706 843,545 28,593,106	\$ 	28,520,463 223,064 1,263,427 82,843 265,433 4,894 30,360,124	\$ 	31,420,182 310,873 1,458,919 152,083 363,904 51,075 33,757,036	\$ 	33,387,602 332,097 1,510,563 299,040 127,245 37,715 35,694,262				
Total primary government		28,593,106		30,360,124		33,757,036		35,694,262				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION Governmental activities	<u>(</u>	11,109,396)	<u>(</u>	7,427,890)		1,245,364	<u>(</u>	5,995,658)				
Total primary government	\$ <u>(</u>	11,109,396)	\$ <u>(</u>	7,427,890)	\$	1,245,364	\$ <u>(</u>	5,995,658)				

	2017 2018		2018		2019		2020		2021	2022		
\$	35,050,145	\$	36,513,148	\$	37,924,882	\$	40,450,001	\$	42,697,008	\$	45,629,627	
	336,503		357,099		387,765		363,055		528,111		575,996	
	1,646,932		1,767,996		1,946,160		2,045,800		2,031,406	,	2,726,590	
	424,441 258,249		650,927 266,540		961,661 296,884		553,471 87,445		181,557 457,755	(478,067) 244,700	
	1,358				71,670		15,083		77,245		45,756	
_	37,717,628	_	39,555,710	_	41,589,022	_	43,514,855	_	45,973,082	_	48,744,602	
_	37,717,628	_	39,555,710	_	41,589,022	_	43,514,855	_	45,973,082	_	48,744,602	
	4,780,443		5,477,490		4,159,493	_	4,705	_	6,074,508		11,061,729	
\$	4,780,443	\$	5,477,490	\$	4,159,493	\$	4,705	\$	6,074,508	\$	11,061,729	

FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fisca	l Ye	ar		
		2013		2014		2015		2016
General fund								_
Unreserved, undesignated								
Undesignated	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Nonspendable								
Prepaids		245,073		461,006		467,556		475,901
Assigned for:								
Future budget offset		-		5,000,000		-		3,150,000
Unassigned	_	18,264,485	_	13,603,826	_	16,182,096	_	14,813,163
Total primary government net assets	\$	18,509,558	\$	19,064,832	\$	16,649,652	\$	18,439,064
All other governmental funds								
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved								
Designated								
Capital Projects		-		-		-		-
Special Revenue		-		-		-		-
Nonspendable								
Prepaids		-		-		392		652
Restricted for:								
Capital acquisition and construction		133,820		52,038		87,214		220,609
Debt service		1,897,450		1,262,908		703,049		919,764
Records preservation and management		1,331,278		1,286,305		1,218,605		1,338,274
Court security and technology		128,536		123,537		146,414		108,381
Legal		561,045		583,856		594,945		591,870
Public Safety		376,321		924,569		5,566,609		3,278,204
Judicial		357,823		361,611		353,513		341,404
Culture and recreation		255,526		264,479		294,016		318,466
Roads and bridges		38,331,673		15,128,765		9,017,803		12,862,010
Elections assistance and administration		102,577		95,005		113,992		88,085
Assigned for:								
Capital acquisition and construction		-		-		-		-
Unassigned			_		(52)	(252,833)
Total all other								
governmental funds	\$_	43,476,049	\$	20,083,073	\$	18,096,500	\$	19,814,886

Source: Rockwall County financial records

^{*} The fund balances reported prior to the GASB 54 implementation are reported with reservations and designations as they were reported in those years.

					Fisca	l Ye	ar				
	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
											_
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	457,415		371,189		335,828		318,598		346,820		492,788
	15,000,000 15,493,306		- 17,640,776		- 20,486,435	_	- 22,290,597	_	- 25,235,302		- 25,328,140
\$	30,950,721	\$	18,011,965	\$	20,822,263	\$	22,609,195	\$	22,582,122	\$	25,820,928
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	266		3,386		346,873		470,092		229,587		118,979
	428,327		495,660		504,678		44,377,987		15,194,571		4,764,474
	1,247,011		1,604,309		2,195,919		2,494,322		2,041,255		1,803,565
	1,568,453		1,872,099		2,208,820		2,668,188		3,171,049		3,306,428
	102,522		149,586		201,664		194,356		233,360		259,883
	560,728		545,218		575,547		573,459		569,302		532,315
	1,763,783		2,020,608		1,224,201		1,264,998		393,402		1,530,695
	339,495		296,740		256,697		201,454		182,570		164,801
	364,069		194,028		145,143		108,417		82,513		83,497
	11,238,448		9,934,122		7,576,442		21,636,876		23,077,454		26,005,307
	144,599		86,398		88,160		94,811		84,053		56,796
,	-	_	-	,	-		-	_	-	,	-
<u>(</u>	252,833)	<u>(</u>	253,397)	(_	1,195,197)	_	52,801	(122,162)	<u>(</u>	110,336)
\$	17,504,868	\$	16,948,757	\$	14,128,947	\$_	74,137,761	\$	45,682,954	\$	38,516,404

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
		2013		2014	2015	2016				
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	27,002,477	\$	28,520,463	\$ 31,374,958	\$ 33,322,944				
Beverage Taxes		227,299		278,102	310,873	332,097				
Fines and forfeitures		1,139,616		1,708,936	1,164,263	1,135,449				
Sales or Other tax		347,819		1,263,427	1,458,919	1,510,563				
Fees and commissions		5,494,901		4,328,673	4,265,231	4,472,546				
Intergovernmental		383,347		3,618,491	2,001,915	2,175,693				
Election		49,400		139,010	78,139	130,766				
Investment Earnings		88,303		82,546	151,786	297,189				
Donations		7,320		-	-	-				
Miscellaneous	_	92,984	_	316,672	387,143	143,882				
Total revenues	_	34,833,466	_	40,256,320	41,193,227	43,521,129				
EXPENDITURES										
General government		3,645,587		3,658,642	3,956,388	3,825,763				
Financial administration		1,661,744		1,781,318	1,846,901	1,919,603				
Commissioner expenses		383,368		397,304	405,798	437,242				
Roads and highways		19,783,183		25,158,655	8,545,265	13,961,039				
Public safety		11,334,298		11,399,513	11,869,606	12,163,245				
Public facilities		555,226		546,299	553,557	573,034				
Public services		540,590		3,766,566	1,396,260	1,333,408				
Judicial		3,229,542		3,443,020	3,576,496	3,977,154				
Legal		1,817,701		1,898,428	2,188,004	2,318,268				
Culture and recreation		1,186,327		1,239,951	1,193,885	1,277,968				
Health and welfare		969,474		1,277,056	1,267,992	1,273,064				
Conservation		88,302		92,771	88,797	101,404				
Capital outlay Debt service		1,564,558		1,057,147	1,307,033	3,654,376				
Principal		2,555,000		2,660,000	3,305,000	4,120,000				
Interest and fiscal charges		3,134,254		4,739,280	4,052,832	3,905,829				
Bond issuance cost and fees		577,510		3,850	-	141,744				
Total expenditures	_	53,026,664	-	63,119,800	45,553,814	54,983,141				
rotal experiatores	_	33,323,004	-	23,223,000	10,000,014	3 1,503,111				
EXCESS OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(18,193,198)	(22,863,480)	(4,360,587)	(11,462,012)				

	l Year	

_	2017	2018		2019	1 10	2020	2021		2022	
_	2017	_	2010	_	2017		2020	2021		2022
\$	35,022,102	\$	36,567,934	\$	38,107,013	\$	40,634,933	\$ 42,586,603	\$	45,660,350
Τ.	336,503	Τ.	357,099	_	387,765	Ψ.	363,055	528,111	7	575,996
	971,615		1,163,390		984,854		877,702	1,041,137		1,092,413
	1,646,932		1,767,996		1,946,160		2,045,800	2,031,406		2,726,590
	4,615,245		4,883,875		5,050,046		5,706,697	5,756,818		5,400,794
	1,091,362		870,043		480,113		909,871	4,098,581		4,758,368
	91,449		82,234		41,621		20,139	92,572		4,138
	419,584		645,745		960,537		551,030	181,306	(478,591)
	22,055		24,541		12,000		15,550	8,275		11,249
_	427,750	_	284,907	_	313,982	_	87,445	432,350		224,157
_	44,644,597	_	46,647,764	_	48,284,091	_	51,212,222	56,757,159	_	59,975,464
	3,489,914		3,710,827		3,567,794		4,098,010	4,141,714		4,903,724
	1,976,869		2,030,955		2,168,492		2,272,492	2,395,553		2,428,249
	434,457		433,676		456,327		516,517	507,894		531,040
	3,296,265		3,129,811		4,044,617		7,480,012	3,021,679		2,919,204
	12,736,234		13,429,663		13,886,447		15,310,807	15,770,055		17,485,215
	722,943		776,627		764,239		820,587	994,931		1,243,426
	1,416,868		1,016,057		519,224		619,843	786,214		2,517,430
	3,907,888		4,130,184		4,432,617		4,373,793	5,039,301		5,079,403
	2,400,338		2,584,101		2,795,048		3,163,555	3,384,887		3,431,233
	1,284,233		1,485,666		1,309,920		1,327,081	1,225,839		1,304,813
	1,280,914		1,085,747		1,006,564		1,126,942	1,040,058		1,220,965
	112,645		114,028		114,891		114,901	119,392		126,872
	5,263,293		3,190,888		3,644,453		7,102,907	32,100,437		11,798,173
	5,205,000		5,835,000		24,110,000		27,470,000	5,325,000		5,977,755
	4,232,414		3,646,518		3,148,364		3,213,003	5,965,694		5,407,550
	-,232,717		163,841		571,973		861,614	174,966		5,407,550 -
-	47,760,275	-	46,763,589	-	66,540,970	_	79,872,064	81,992,614	_	66,375,052
-	77,700,273	-	-10,703,303	_	00,540,570	_	, 5,072,004	01,772,014	_	00,575,052
(3,115,678)	(115,825)	(18,256,879)	(28,659,842)	(25,235,455)	(6,399,588)

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fiscal	Year	
	2013	2014	2015	2016
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of long term debt Transfers in Transfers out Premium on issuance of bonds Discount on issuance of bonds Payment to bond refunding escrow agent Issuance of leases	\$ 39,050,000 810,853 (810,853) 2,082,407	\$ - 160,000 (160,000) - -	\$ - 5,300,000 (5,400,000) - -	\$ 21,380,000 239,262 (534,262) 1,144,249 (7,297,806)
Sale of capital assets	1,613,448	25,778	58,834	37,715
Total other financing sources (uses)	42,745,855	25,778	(41,166)	14,969,158
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 24,552,657	\$ <u>(22,837,702</u>)	\$ <u>(</u> 4,401,753)	\$ <u>3,507,146</u>
DEBT SERVICES (PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST) AS PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	11.06%	11.92%	16.63%	15.64%

Source: Rockwall County financial records

Fiscal Year											
2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
\$	3,643,000 3,843,000) - -	\$	7,620,000 1,863,254 1,863,254) 623,751	\$	16,710,000 68,390 568,390) 1,641,973	\$	80,165,000 87,000 1,887,000) 12,004,614	\$	9,575,000 948,442 1,448,442) 1,909,028	\$	- 476,919 1,076,919) - -
_	- - 17,969	(8,079,910) - 5,596		- - 142,561	_	- - 85,974	(11,309,062) - 78,609	_	- 7,925 63,919
(182,031)		169,437	_	17,994,534	_	90,455,588	(246,425)	(528,156)
\$ <u>(</u>	3,297,709)	\$	53,612	\$ <u>(</u>	262,345)	\$_	61,795,746	\$ <u>(</u>	25,481,880)	\$ <u>(</u>	6,927,744)
_	22.21%	_	21.57%	_	43.01 <u></u> %	_	41.90 <u></u> %	_	<u>22.34</u> %		20.80%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Real Property

Year	Residential Property		Commercial Property		Other Property		Personal Property
2013	\$	5,215,032,786	\$	2,045,855,960	\$	133,240,690	\$ 1,020,575,605
2014		5,662,722,494		2,294,693,536		138,467,630	1,154,571,338
2015		6,218,526,995		2,335,706,532		140,314,580	1,117,676,124
2016		6,288,547,655		2,383,922,893		139,225,415	1,016,232,398
2017		7,037,890,084		2,480,714,771		137,037,148	1,198,024,785
2018		7,993,623,592		2,760,088,485		149,919,182	1,355,015,181
2019		8,980,425,099		2,900,181,077		144,265,924	1,380,118,877
2020		9,664,171,957		3,055,412,732		194,967,089	834,963,552
2021		10,386,391,290		3,154,528,026		222,253,840	792,070,823
2022		11,551,332,636		3,100,947,372		222,500,930	899,743,821

Source: Rockwall County Appraisal District

Notes:

a - Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value.

b - Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Less: Productivity Loss and Homestead Cap		Total Taxable Assessed Value ^a	Total Direct Tax Rate
\$ 471,283,521	\$	7,943,421,520	0.3864
495,044,251		8,755,410,747	0.3959
496,290,942		9,315,933,289	0.3959
508,143,372		9,319,784,989	0.3959
639,011,234		10,214,655,554	0.3759
802,692,594		11,455,953,846	0.3498
756,863,736		12,648,127,241	0.3284
721,192,539		13,028,322,791	0.3250
656,218,992		13,899,024,987	0.3131
673,096,342		15,101,428,417	0.3131

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATE (PER \$ 100 ASSESSED VALUE)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
		2013		2014		2015		2016		
County direct rates										
General	\$	0.3023	\$	0.3018	\$	0.31006	\$	0.29794		
Debt Service		0.0840		0.0940		0.0857		0.0979		
Road and bridge		0.0001	-	0.0001		0.0001		0.0001		
Total direct rate	\$	0.3864	\$	0.3959	\$	0.3959	\$	0.3959		
Cities										
Dallas		0.8000		0.7970		0.7970		0.7970		
Fate		0.2700		0.3067		0.3067		0.3067		
Heath		0.3400		0.4266		0.4266		0.4266		
McLendon-Chisholm		0.0974		0.0974		0.1842		0.1520		
Rockwall		0.5025		0.4955		0.4853		0.4853		
Rowlett		0.7500		0.7872		0.7872		0.7872		
Royse City		0.7000		0.6771		0.6771		0.6771		
Wylie		0.8800		0.8789		0.8689		0.8689		
School Districts										
Rockwall ISD		1.4600		1.4400		1.4400		1.4400		
Royse City ISD		1.6700		1.6700		1.6700		1.6700		
Municipal Utility District										
Rockwall County Cons MUD		0.6500		0.6000		0.5500		0.5500		
Veranduh MUD		0.8500		0.8500		0.8500		0.8500		

Source: Rockwall County Central Appraisal District

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments that apply to property owners within Rockwall

County. Not all overlapping rates apply to all County property owners. For example, although the total Direct Rate for Rockwall County applies to all County property owners, a specific City's tax rate applies only to those taxpayers whose property is located within the City's geographic

boundaries.

McLendon Chisholm had no tax rate until 2010

Fiscal Year

					i iscai	i Cai					
	2017		2018		2019		2020	2021		2022	
\$	0.27120 0.1046 0.0001	\$	0.25577 0.0939 0.0001	\$	0.24260 0.0857 0.0001	\$	0.24580 0.0791 0.0001	\$ 0.23380 0.0792 0.0001	\$	0.23700 0.0751 0.0010	
<u></u>			0.3498		0.3284						
\$	0.3759	\$	0.3498	\$	0.3284	\$	0.3250	\$ 0.3131	\$	0.3131	
	0.7825 0.2911 0.4173 0.1520 0.4543 0.7872 0.6771 0.8489		0.7804 0.2911 0.4173 0.1500 0.4236 0.7771 0.6215 0.7810		0.7767 0.2911 0.3891 0.1500 0.4021 0.7572 0.6215 0.7258		0.7766 0.2806 0.3793 0.1500 0.3879 0.7571 0.6215 0.6884	0.7763 0.2733 0.3766 0.1500 0.3700 0.7450 0.6215 0.6720		0.7733 0.3399 0.3393 0.1850 0.3500 0.7450 0.6215 0.6438	
	1.4650 1.6700		1.4400 1.6700		1.4300 1.6700		1.3500 1.5680	1.3100 1.4648		1.2736 1.4603	
	0.5000 0.7500		0.4500 0.7500		0.3900 0.7500		0.3400 0.7500	0.2950 0.7500		0.2700 0.7500	

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Unaudited)

Property Tax Year 2022 2013 Percentage Percentage of Total of Total Taxable Taxable Taxable Taxable Assessed Assessed Assessed Assessed Taxpayer Value Rank Value Value Rank Value Oncor Electric Delivery Co. 120,324,870 0.80% 0.98% \$ 1 77,701,460 1 Excel Rockwall LLC 56,000,000 2 0.37% 54,672,420 2 0.69% 34,200,000 % Capital Boulevard Venture LLC 7 0.23% Star Hubbard LLC 39,500,000 5 0.26% % Terra Lago Apartments LLC 45,220,590 4 0.30% % Rockwall Crossing LTD 36,380,460 0.24% 6 0.38% 6 29,883,620 2055 Summer Lee Rockwall Owner LLC 36,069,530 10 0.24% % Rockwall Regional Hospital LLP 31,535,610 4 0.40% Rockwall Dunhill LLC 32,000,000 8 0.21% - % % T Rockwall Commons LLC 23,482,240 9 0.30% Wal-Mart Real Estate % 22,915,510 10 0.29% Rockwall Hotel and Conf Group Inc. -% 30,962,514 5 0.39% Continental PET Technology % 7 26,977,760 0.34% Western Rim Investors 2008 2 LP % 45,812,720 3 0.58% Seaway Crude Pipeline LP 47,071,520 3 0.31% - % - % Stag Rockwall LP 9 30,297,750 0.20% Lake Point Medical Center 25,398,550 8 % 0.32% 4.65% Total 477,064,720 3.16% 369,342,404 7,943,421,520 Total taxable assessed value \$ 15,101,428,417

Source: Rockwall Central Appraisal District

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Collected within the Total Collections to Date Fiscal Year of the Levy Tax Levy Fiscal as of Fiscal Percentage Subsequent Percentage Year Enda Collections Amount Year Amount of Levy of Levy 26,797,947 99.87% \$ 26,810,209 2013 26,831,508 \$ 12,262 99.92% 2014 28,364,361 28,322,919 99.85% 2,707 28,325,626 99.86% 2015 31,010,415 30,979,765 99.90% 3,131 30,982,896 99.91% 2016 33,013,789 32,972,432 99.87% 3,256 32,975,688 99.88% 2017 34,401,093 34,351,491 99.86% 7,155 34,358,646 99.88% 2018 36,137,014 36,057,808 99.78% 36,072,729 99.82% 14,921 2019 37,599,338 37,470,599 37,520,547 99.79% 99.66% 49,948 2020 40,901,459 40,608,068 99.28% 78,285 40,686,353 99.47% 2021 42,457,747 42,200,322 99.39% 154,699 42,355,021 99.76% 2022 45,692,425 45,166,945 98.85% 45,166,945 98.85%

Source: Rockwall County financial records

Note: a - Tax levies consider supplemental value changes during the initial fiscal year.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	Tax Notes	Refunding Bond		Premiums on Bonds			Total Long-term Debt	Percentage of Personal Income ^b	Pe <u>Capi</u>	
2013	\$ 106,415,000	\$	-	\$	2,971,008	\$	109,386,008	1.61%	\$ 1,	283
2014	103,755,000		-		2,812,862		106,567,862	2.40%	1,	112
2015	100,450,000		-		2,654,716		103,104,716	2.29%		994
2016	103,240,000		7,370,000		3,632,124		114,242,124	2.36%	1,	147
2017	98,120,000		7,285,000		3,413,754		108,818,754	2.13%	1,	051
2018	85,400,000		14,120,000		3,867,909		103,387,909	4.35%	,	998
2019	62,190,000		29,930,000		5,142,520		97,262,520	4.56%	1,	060
2020	36,550,000		108,265,000		16,074,395		160,889,395	4.16%	1,	900
2021	23,315,000		114,635,000		16,661,048		154,611,048	6.22%	1,	869
2022	21,945,000		110,065,000		15,754,105		147,764,105	5.58%	1,	220

Source Rockwall County financial records

Note: a - Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements on page 38.

b - See Table 13 for personal income and population data.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING^a LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Tax Notes		Refunding Bond	Premium on Bonds	Total		
2013	\$	106,415,000	\$ -	\$ 2,971,000	\$	109,386,000	
2014		103,755,000	-	2,812,862		106,567,862	
2015		100,450,000	-	2,654,716		103,104,716	
2016		103,240,000	7,370,000	3,632,124		114,242,124	
2017		103,240,000	7,285,000	3,413,754		113,938,754	
2018		100,450,000	14,120,000	3,867,909		118,437,909	
2019		103,755,000	29,930,000	5,142,520		138,827,520	
2020		106,415,000	108,265,000	16,074,395		230,754,395	
2021		23,315,000	114,635,000	16,661,048		154,611,048	
2022		21,945,000	110,065,000	15,754,105		147,764,105	

Source: Rockwall County financial records

Notes:

- a Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements on page 37.
- b See Table 5 for property value data.
- c See Table 13 for population data.

Less: Amounts Available for Debt Service	Net General Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Property Value ^b	Per Capita ^c
\$ 268,363	\$ 109,117,637	1.37%	1,280
1,262,908	105,304,954	1.20%	1,099
703,049	102,401,667	1.10%	987
919,764	113,322,360	1.22%	1,137
752,593	108,066,161	1.06%	1,046
1,152,439	102,235,470	0.89%	1,741
1,737,673	95,524,847	0.76%	1,566
1,484,049	159,405,346	1.16%	1,403
993,282	153,617,766	1.05%	1,301
959,296	146,804,809	0.97%	1,212

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

Percentage Overlapping

	Rockwall County	Total Debt	Subtotals
Taxing Jurisdiction			
County-wide			
Rockwall County	100.00%	\$ <u>147,764,105</u>	\$ <u>147,764,105</u>
Total direct debt		147,764,105	147,764,105
Cities			
Dallas, City of	0.01%	1,952,170,416	195,217
Fate, City of	100.00%	30,575,000	30,575,000
Heath, City of	100.00%	38,515,000	38,515,000
Rockwall, City of	100.00%	85,185,000	85,185,000
Rowlett, City of	13.18%	105,000,000	13,839,000
Royse City, City of	66.56%	53,490,000	35,602,944
Wylie, City of	1.56%	71,460,000	1,114,776
McLendon-Chisholm, City of	100.00%	1,275,000	1,275,000
Total Cities		2,337,670,416	206,301,937
School District (% of assessed value)			
Rockwall ISD	98.53%	692,843,438	682,658,639
Royse City ISD	70.10%	353,260,294	247,635,466
Total School Districts		1,046,103,732	930,294,105
Other			
Rockwall Co MUD #6	100.00%	28,865,000	28,865,000
Rockwall Cco MUD #7	100.00%	4,240,000	4,240,000
Rockwall Co MUD # 8	100.00%	7,300,000	7,300,000
Rockwall Co MUD #9	100.00%	17,925,000	17,925,000
Rockwall Co Cons MUD	100.00%	9,320,000	9,320,000
Total Other		67,650,000	67,650,000
Total indirect debt		3,451,424,148	1,204,246,042

Total direct and overlapping debt

\$ 1,352,010,147

Source: Overlapping debt was obtained on the Municipal Advisory Council website (www.mactexas.com)

Note:

The Percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the taxing entity's taxable value that is within the County's boundaries and dividing it by the taxing entity's total taxable assessed value.

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements on pages 37-40.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

				Fiscal	Yea	r		
		2013		2014		2015		2016
Assessed value of real property Debt limit rate	\$ _	7,943,421,520 <u>25</u> %	\$ _	8,755,410,747 <u>25</u> %	\$_	9,315,933,289 <u>25</u> %	\$_	9,319,784,989 <u>25</u> %
Debt limit	_	1,985,855,380	_	2,188,852,687	_	2,328,983,322	_	2,329,946,247
Debt applicable to limit: Total bonded debt Less: amount set aside for repayment Total net debt applicable to limit		109,386,008 - 109,386,008	_	106,567,865 - 106,567,865	_	102,946,570 - 102,946,570	_	114,242,124 - 114,242,124
Legal debt margin	\$	1,876,469,372	\$	2,082,284,822	\$_	2,226,036,752	\$	2,215,704,123
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		5.51%		4.87%		4.42%		4.90%

Source: Rockwall County financial records

Under Legislative provision, any county, any political subdivision of a county, any number of adjoining counties, or any political subdivision of the state, or any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within the State of Texas, and which may or may not include towns, villages, or municipal corporations, upon a vote of two-thirds majority of the resident property taxpayers voting thereon who are qualified electors of such district or territory to be affected thereby, in addition to all other debts, any issue bonds or otherwise lend its credit in any amount not to exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property of such district or territory, except that the total bonded indebtedness of any city or town shall never exceed the limits imposed by other provisions of this Constitution, and levy and collect taxes to pay the interest thereon and provide a sinking fund for the redemption thereof.

Fiscal Year

	2017	2017 2018		2018		_	2020	_	2021	_	2022
\$ _	9,566,412,319 <u>25</u> %	\$_	10,562,783,885 <u>25</u> %	\$_	11,685,730,396 <u>25</u> %	\$	12,657,610,604 <u>25</u> %	\$	13,763,173,156 <u>25</u> %	\$	15,101,428,417 <u>25</u> %
_	2,391,603,080	_	2,640,695,971	_	2,921,432,599	-	3,164,402,651	-	3,440,793,289	_	3,775,357,104
_	108,818,754 - 108,818,754	_	103,387,909 1,152,439 102,235,470	=	97,262,520 1,737,673 95,524,847	=	160,889,395 1,484,049 159,405,346	-	154,611,048 993,282 153,617,766	=	147,764,105 959,296 146,804,809
\$_	2,282,784,326	\$_	2,538,460,501	\$_	2,825,907,752	\$_	3,004,997,305	\$	3,287,175,523	\$_	3,628,552,295
	4.55%		3.87%		3.27%		5.04%		4.46%		3.89%

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (Unaudited)

Calendar Year	Estimated Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars) ^a	Per Capita Personal Income ^a	School Enrollment ^b	Unemployment Rate ^c	State of Texas Per Capita Personal Income ^a	United States Per Capita Personal Income ^a
2013	84,671	\$ 4,550,265	\$ 48,688	19,391	5.8%	\$ 43,807	\$ 44,438
2014	87,073	4,430,860	50,460	19,641	4.5%	45,669	46,049
2015	90,169	4,495,885	51,302	20,062	3.7%	46,745	47,669
2016	93,432	4,841,492	53,285	20,630	3.7%	46,947	48,112
2017	96,877	5,112,959	54,406	21,286	3.5%	46,274	49,246
2018	100,657	5,683,109	58,717	22,034	3.3%	47,362	51,640
2019	111,704	6,140,356	61,003	22,756	2.8%	50,355	54,446
2020	113,653	6,529,641	62,237	23,607	6.0%	52,813	56,490
2021	118,055	7,136,506	64,943	23,873	3.2%	55,129	59,510
2022	121,112	8,243,591	70,833	25,555	3.1%	59,865	64,143

Sources:

- a Bureau of Economic Analysis
- b Texas Education Agency
- c Texas Association of Counties

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

(Unaudited)

		2	.022*
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Percentage of Total County Employment
Rockwall ISD	school district	1,944	4.02%
Royse City ISD	school district	976	2.02%
Baylor Scott & White - Lake Pointe	health care industry	750	1.55%
L3Harris Technologies	technology	700	1.45%
Texas Health Presbyterian Hospital	health care industry	700	1.45%
Pegasus Foods	manufacturing	700	1.45%
Channell Commercial	manufacturing	380	0.79%
County of Rockwall	county government	364	0.75%
City of Rockwall	city government	353	0.73%
Wal-Mart Superstore	department store/grocery	450	0.93%
Texas Star Express/Epes Transport	logistics	275	0.57%
Lollicup USA	manufacturing	260	0.54%
SPR Packaging	manufacturing	228	0.47%
Bimbo Bakeries	food processing	200	0.41%
Whitmore Mfr	manufacturing	<u> 170</u>	<u> </u>
Total		8,450	<u>17.48</u> %

^{*} Note: Only the current year data was selected to be presented. The principal employer information from nine years ago is not available.

FULLTIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Source: Rockwall County Annual Budget

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year						
Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016			
General Government							
Auditor's office							
Accounts payable checks issued	5,003	5,069	5,236	5,307			
Juror checks issued	3,767	4,809	3,898	3,974			
Treasurer's office							
Payroll hard copy checks issued	819	819	577	811			
Cash receipts issued	3,099	3,973	4,334	4,354			
County clerk							
Marriage licenses issued including	1,399	1,424	1,566	1,262			
informal marriage	1,399	1,424	1,300	1,202			
Birth certificates issued	2,317	2,523	4,285	4,695			
Death certificates issued	723	700	842	1,033			
Beer, wine and liquor permits	18	25	18	23			
Tax office							
registration transactions	20,361	21,352	20,007	27,980			
Elections administration							
Number of registered voters	49,239	51,789	53,249	57,567			
Judicial							
District court							
Civil cases filed	1,706	1,734	1,640	1,805			
Civil cases disposed	1,784	1,746	1,691	1,036			
Criminal cases filed	839	797	609	768			
Criminal cases disposed	865	767	708	828			
Juvenile cases filed	33	19	29	28			
Juvenile cases disposed	32	19	24	34			
County court							
Civil cases filed	484	311	569	581			
Civil cases disposed	505	521	480	590			
Criminal cases filed	1,801	1,594	1,939	2,009			
Criminal cases disposed	2,094	1,725	1,708	1,117			
Justices of the peace	•	•	•	•			
Civil cases filed	868	825	868	882			
C' 'l l' l	057	000	007	005			

857

8,375

8,557

803

7,996

7,846

837

5,903

6,157

905

4,791

6,519

Source: Various County Departments Notes: Miles of roadway are estimated.

Civil cases disposed

Criminal cases filed

Criminal cases disposed

Fiscal	Year

FISCAL YEAR								
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022			
5,426	5,260	5,226	4,647	4,730	4,743			
2,677	3,021	4,161	2,470	2,316	1,933			
•	•	,	•	•	•			
411	534	654	573	504	735			
4,334	4,088	3,942	3,774	3,668	3,757			
1,721	1,723	1,613	1,545	1,495	2,729			
5,090	5,048	5,448	5,224	6,210	6,685			
1,052	1,018	1,183	802	748	948			
14	28	12	23	19	29			
49,192	55,000	73,783	not avail	95,452	107,015			
60,000	62,208	65,000	70,000	75,500	79,682			
1,864	1,828	2,343	1,804	1,938	1,898			
1,590	1,978	1,569	1,849	2,047	1,977			
897	1,054	1,199	1,016	1,029	1,268			
1,003	1,288	1,495	1,013	1,167	1,504			
25	24	31	31	21	52			
27	24	24	27	33	54			
458	837	812	231	449	390			
403	434	506	204	335	336			
2,035	2,602	2,330	1,709	1,916	1,665			
2,048	2,410	2,712	1,527	2,149	2,006			
,	,	,	,	,	_,3			
1,316	1,089	1,293	1,075	1,559	1,472			
876	897	1,191	1,101	1,297	1,503			
5,801	7,239	7,789	2,700	2,711	3,450			
5,514	5,200	6,576	3,081	3,101	3,653			

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year					
Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016		
Public Safety						
County jail						
Detention officers	61	61	61	61		
Total persons jailed	4,691	5,020	4,347	4,159		
Average prisoner days	23	21	19	19		
Cost per prisoner day	86	87	104	95		
County sheriff						
Administration deputies	3	3	3	2		
Patrol deputies and sergeants	20	20	20	19		
Detectives	4	4	6	7		
Warrant deputies/Other than patrol	-	-	4	4		
Arrests - RCSO	831	954	989	859		
Warrants served- RCSO	not avail	-	2,704	3,000		
Communications						
Communications officers	-	-	9	10		
911 calls	16,484	14,381	16,712	14,598		
Calls for service	9,974	7,103	7,975	6,159		
RCSO vehicles	40	20	42	40		
Vehicles in fleet	40	38	42	40		
Miles driven	800,000	-	627,581	535,595		
Average miles per vehicle	20,000	20,000	14,942	13,390		
Gasoline used (gallons)	48,839	40,684	46,774	45,297		
Health and welfare						
Number of pauper burial/cremation	3	6	5	1		
Indigent health care						
Applications approved for assistance	29	23	10	17		
Texas AgriLife Extension Service						
Number of educational presentations	30	27	327	1090		
Number of participants in						
educational presentations	1,511	1,656	5,620	43,382		
Roads and highways						
Miles of roadways chip sealed	10	7	12	16.608		
Miles of roadways reconstructed	2.3	2.5	2.9	2.786		
Miles of roadways overlayed	8,030	2,015	2	5.941		
Number of culverts installed	not avail	not avail	10	6		

Source: Various County Departments
Notes: Miles of roadway are estimated.

Fiscal Year								
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022			
61 4,079 24.1 92	61 4,247 27.0 88	67 4,134 26 88	77 3,039 34 88	77 3,278 34 91	95 3,403 40 110			
3 19 7 4 827 2,967	2 23 8 4 820 2,836	2 23 8 4 966 2,981	2 23 8 5 741 2,441	2 23 8 5 852 2,351	3 20 9 4 934 1,230			
10 15,478 8,033	10 16,669 8,570	10 17,029 8,069	10 17,644 8,328	10 22,625 5,857	10 21,423 42,935			
43 555,141 12,911 43,838	45 619,698 13,771 49,934	48 517,210 10,775 53,969	47 433,271 9,218 49,688	47 455,880 9,699 46,367	58 588,201 10,141 54,749			
5	8	7	6	2	5			
27	16	10	16	18	30			
932	not avail							
11,619	not avail							
13.13 1.724 9.513 3	11.60 1.000 5.600 8	10.69 1.165 7.968 17	9.72 1.100 12.380 12	10.32 1.132 9.462 11	7.30 1.373 4.864 11			

CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General government										
Courthouse	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Touchscreen voting machines	67	67	67	67	110	110	110	110	130	130
Security scan systems	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public safety										
Justice center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sheriff's vehicles	46	49	46	43	45	45	48	48	47	58
Emergency management										
Mobile command center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Emergency operations center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Roads and highways										
County maintenance facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Miles of road	97	97	100	100	101	101	101	101	101	101
Bridges	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Sources:

County Auditor - Capital Asset Listing Sheriff's Office Road and Bridge Department



401 West State Highway 6 Waco, Texas 76710

254.772.4901 pbhcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and County Commissioners Rockwall County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rockwall County, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Rockwall County, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Rockwall County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rockwall County, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rockwall County, Texas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Rockwall County, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas March 29, 2023